

TO BE CHOSEN  
UNDER THE DRAFT  
IS AN HONOR

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# DRAFTED MEN KNOW FATE TODAY

## MICHAELIS TO PUSH U-BOAT WARFARE

SAYS GERMANY  
MUST FIGHT ON  
TO A VICTORY

New Chancellor, in  
First Talk, Takes  
Junkers' Side.

(By the Associated Press.)  
COLOGNE, July 19.—(Special.)—Dr. Michaelis, the new imperial German chancellor, in his address to the Reichstag Thursday afternoon, declared his adherence to Germany's submarine campaign, asserting it to be a moral measure definitely adopted, and aimed for shortening the war.

Dr. Michaelis opened his reichstag speech with a hearty tribute to Dr. von Rathenau-Hollweig, the retiring imperial chancellor, whose work he said, history would appreciate.

The chancellor declared that the war was based upon unwilling Germany by the Russian mobilization and that no submarine war was also agreed upon Germany by Great Britain's illegal methods of submarine warfare.

"We must hope that members of the land of the neutrals, neutral states, and neutrals generally will vainly endeavor to avoid Germany's final attempt to avoid the neutrality by a peace offer failed, and the submarine campaign was adopted, and the chancellor.

The submarines, the speaker continued, had done all and more than all had expected and the false neutrals who had predicted had done the war at a definite time had done a disservice to the Fatherland.

GERMAN PEACE MOVE.  
ANTWERPEN, July 19.—The Berlin chancellery says the committee of the majority parties in the German reichstag has unanimously decided to move the peace resolution. Previously the committee was divided, two members of the Center and one Liberal disagreeing with the majority. The Tagesschau says that in its meeting 221 deputies will vote for the peace resolution.

ARMED AT GERMAN PEACE?  
LONDON, July 19.—Chancellor Michaelis has sent a "German peace" in his reichstag speech this afternoon, according to reports received from Swiss papers today.

They assured the chancellor's peace formula conformed strictly to the instructions of the German general headquarters and was based on the military situation, now reported as favorable to Germany.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times, according to whom, "there is no peace," said: "There is no peace with the entente. The Germans can't do." The correspondents say, "that an alliance or understanding exists between the Austrian, French, British, and Italian governments and the German government. A test vote between the two bills, the resolution will come to France. A majority of the reichstag, which is a small one, is claimed to have voted for the anti-German party."

GERMANS IN WAR.  
WILMINGTON, July 19.—The German Communists have decided to submit to the Reichstag an alternative resolution to the war from the anarchist contingent. A test vote between the two bills, the resolution will come to France. A majority of the reichstag, which is a small one, is claimed to have voted for the anti-German party."

DR. MICHAELIS TO CHAIRMAN.  
The Senate decided in favor of a board instead of a food administrator. But it is understood that the proposed board of three is not objectionable to the administration and that Hoover will be appointed chairman of the board, and practically will be food administrator as originally planned.

Senator Kenyon sought to have iron ore and its products, farmers' implements, and binder twine included in the operation of the bill, but this was voted down to 22. Senator Newlands of Nevada wanted to insert iron, steel, copper, and aluminum, but he failed to get his amendment being defeated, 30 to 27.

Officials of the food administration, including Hoover, have determined not to depend too much for the future of their food conservation plan upon what Congress is going to do with food legislation.

### HOOVER POWER AS FOOD GUIDE GOES TO BOARD

Senate Also Votes to  
Drop Control of  
Steel, Cotton.

(By a Staff Correspondent.)  
Washington, D. C., July 19.—(Special.)—The compromise amendments to the food control bill, eliminating from the operation of the measure steel, cotton, lumber, hides, and other articles except food, feed, and fuel, and providing for a three man board of food administration, were adopted by the senate today.

The compromise plan withstood all amendments, and amendment after amendment was voted down. It is confidently expected by senate leaders that the bill will go through on Saturday in the shape agreed to by the leaders.

LAW PASSED ON FLOOR.

Senate was bitter in the senate strike centering about Herbert C. Hoover, selected by the president as food administrator. The attack on Hoover was led by Senator Reed of Missouri, and the food administrator was defended by Senator Williams and Hollis. At one time the bill was passed on the floor.

Senator Reed offered an amendment which would have raised the number of members of the food administration board from three to five, and also provided that the members of the board must be home state residents and qualified voters of the United States.

Control by Americans.

"I don't want the control of our food supply left in the hands of a man whose views I am very convinced are not even ours," Mr. Reed said. "I want to put this control in the hands of American citizens who have no foreign affiliations."

Senator Hollis of New Hampshire declared that Senator Reed was under to Hoover, and that when Hoover was on the stand before the committee on agriculture Senator Reed had cross examined him "as mercilessly as he were a chicken thief on trial in a police court."

"Absolutely False," Reed.

"That is absolutely and unequivocally false," Senator Reed retorted. "I rise to

"I refuse to yield," Senator Hollis said.

When Senator Hollis completed his statement Senator Reed obtained the floor on a question of personal privilege.

"The senator said I treated Mr. Hoover as a chicken thief," Senator Reed said. "That is a reflection on me. It is undoubtedly false."

"It is not a personal privilege in the Senate for one senator to stand here and call another a liar," Senator Williams of Mississippi interrupted.

"I invite any man who is fair and decent to read the record of how I treated Mr. Hoover," Senator Reed said, amid much noise and confusion.

Williams Praised Hoover.

Senator Williams took the floor in defense of Hoover. "If I had my way, he declared, "I would have the bill name the man who would be food administrator and that man would be Hoover. I would name him chiefly because of the absolutely unfair, false, and unscientific attacks that have been made upon him."

If President Wilson appoints Hoover to appoint a great American. He is our best type of cold-blooded American, he said all over, every inch of him, intellectually, physically, and morally. He was called upon by the president to do this work and he has been persecuted, he has been arraigned as un-American and possibly dishonest."

Senator Lewis of Illinois said that if Senator Reed's enlarged board were accepted there would be a repetition no doubt of the inauspicious situation presented by the relation of the principals in the shipping board controversy. He announced that henceforth he would insist that there be only one responsible head in any government agency.

Hoover to Be Chairman.

The Senate decided in favor of a board instead of a food administrator. But it is understood that the proposed board of three is not objectionable to the administration and that Hoover will be appointed chairman of the board, and practically will be food administrator as originally planned.

Senator Kenyon sought to have iron ore and its products, farmers' implements, and binder twine included in the operation of the bill, but this was voted down to 22. Senator Newlands of Nevada wanted to insert iron, steel, copper, and aluminum, but he failed to get his amendment being defeated, 30 to 27.

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### THE KEY OPENS THE DOOR FOR THE DRAFT

(Continued from page 1.)



### THE WEATHER.

FRIDAY, JULY 20, 1917.

June 20, 1917, 10:00 a.m. 7:30, Moon sets at 8:04 p.m.

Clouds and Rainfall.

Wind, mostly from the east.

Clouds, mostly from the west.

Wind, possibly scattered.

Thunder showers.

Friday in southeast portion; not much change in temperature.

### TEMPERATURE IN CHICAGO.

(Last 24 hours.)

Maximum, noon . . . . . 82

Minimum, 6 a. m. . . . . 62

8 a. m. . . . . 61

9 a. m. . . . . 60

10 a. m. . . . . 61

11 a. m. . . . . 62

12 p. m. . . . . 63

1 p. m. . . . . 64

2 p. m. . . . . 65

3 p. m. . . . . 66

4 p. m. . . . . 67

5 p. m. . . . . 68

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2 p. m. . . . . 70

members officials and a few others in conducting mobilization were discovered last afternoon.

Emergency Defense Department and Postmaster General Crowder had prepared for the emergency. They had taken everything to avoid drawing 10,000 numbers. If possible, several regiments had been held without any mistakes, the drawing of 1,000 serial numbers and the master numbers accounted for over registered men in the United States.

By grouping the serial numbers into blocks of 100 it was possible by drawing 100 numbers to take in the registered men in every exemption district. To do this it had been planned to draw by lot also ten master numbers from 0 to 10. The 0 would represent those numbers included in the group less than 1,000, and so on up to 10,000. The master numbers were to indicate which group of thousands should be called first for examination and the order in which the other groups would follow.

#### REGULATED MEN DRAW.

By postponing the draft several days the mistakes in handling the registered men's numbers might have been rectified, but it was determined that this would be unwise. So it was decided to draw all the numbers from 1 up to 10,000, which is a few more than any exemption district in the country contains.

For 1918 and more serial numbers were required, each number wrapped up in a tiny steel capsule. The capsules had been put into 1,000 of these in a great glass bowl and for the blindfold man to draw the numbers one at a time. Now the whole 10,000 numbers will go into the bowl and each one will be drawn out, the order in which they come out being the order in which men bearing these numbers will be called for service. The original scheme would have been better, since, as an hour's time gives the drawing under the eleventh-hour plan will take all day.

Secretary of War Baker approved of the change as soon as Gen. Crowder submitted the belated discovery of the mistakes made in New Jersey districts. The general summoned the newspaper men to his office a few hours after he had released for publication the details of operating the draft machinery as first planned; to explain the change.

#### PREVENTION UNPREDICTED.

"I have a little surprise for you gentlemen," said the general, appearing as cheerful as possible under the circumstances.

"But reporting has happened that could not have been foreseen."

Wires received by long distance telephone and telegraph indicate that in certain areas the boards, in numbering registration cards, have kept the cards segregated by election districts and that serial numbers have been assigned to the whole group for a board, while the cards were thus segregated.

If the drawing is conducted as originally planned in groups of one thousand, the result will be that considerable proportions of certain election districts will be brought up for examination together.

This will result in drafting persons from one locality within the jurisdiction of a board before any names are drawn from another locality within the same jurisdiction.

For this reason it has been decided to abandon the drawing by thousands and draw 10,000 numbers, which is in excess of the highest number of cards

under the jurisdiction of any one board.

#### New Plan More Simple.

The only change in the plan will be that there will be one drawing instead of two.

The advantage will be greater simplicity. The disadvantage will be that the drawing will require ten hours to complete.

The following explanation of the mistake was offered in New Jersey was given by an army doctor tonight:

"There several registration precincts had been included in one exemption district, and the local board was instructed to shuffle the registration cards and number them separately, they followed instructions literally," he explained.

"Supposing they were registered two precincts within one district, they took two numbers from each precinct and shuffled them separately, just as you might shuffle four decks of cards separately. Then they began to number them from one upwards."

#### Would Have Stripped Towns.

"If we had used the master number system, and it had changed for instance that the men numbered in the 2,000 class were the first called out, then all the men living in the registration precinct that had been given the high numbers would have been called out. This had been done, they had got into the other precincts, and then the men who would have escaped the draft, unnoticed. In this way, whole communities would have been stripped, while others would not have had a man taken from them."

"The boards should have shuffled all the registration cards from all the precincts, coming within their jurisdictions together. When they startedental examinations, the men numbered in the 2,000 class and the high numbers would have been distributed by chance through all the communities in the local board's jurisdiction."

Although the mistake was not general, Gen. Crowder said, it would be unwise to proceed with the draft, with any chance of injustice to any man or group of men.

"But we had guarded against such an emergency and have in the required numbers now," he added. "We will begin immediately at 10:30 o'clock tomorrow morning and will get through just as soon as we can."

#### How System Works.

The drawing will take the registered men of Chicago will work out like this: Suppose that the first number drawn from the great stem container tomorrow is No. 250. That will mean that every registrant, "No. 250" in Illinois, from whatever exemption district, will be summoned first to submit to examination for service under the colors. If the first number drawn should be 490 or a number lower than the highest serial number reported in a given district, the exemption officials for the given district merely ignore that number and pass it for the first number that falls within the range in question, and the remaining registrants are examined.

Each number, if it is drawn will be given its proper location as the drawing proceeds and men bearing these numbers in the order drawn will be called in each exemption district. The war department has directed that each exemption board shall call for examination to make up the first increment of 100,000 for the new army, 100 per cent of its required quota.

#### DOING FROM CHICAGO.

While the distribution of quotas within the states still has to be completed, the total state quotas have been assigned. The quota for Illinois has been fixed at 11,000. That means that 100,000 Illinois registrants will be summoned for examination on the first call.

Approximately 30,000 of these will be

## LEARN YOUR NUMBER

Here is the Latest Revised and Corrected List of Addresses and Telephone Numbers for the Local Draft Exemption Boards. If You Don't Know Your Serial Number, Phone or Call and Find Out.

No. Location	Telephone	Address
1-1200 First Natl. Bank Bldg., Central 828	48-1228 Newberry Av.	Central 400
2-1200 First Natl. Bank Bldg., Central 828	48-1228 Newberry Av.	Central 400
3-1200 First Natl. Bank Bldg., Central 828	48-1228 Newberry Av.	Central 400
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## WILSON CARRIES BURDENS OF WAR ON SHOULDERS

Invites Responsibility for  
Every Move Against  
Teutonic Foes.

BY HENRY M. HYDE.

Washington, D. C., July 19.—[Special.] "We have no war council. The president is our war council," Secretary of the Interior Lane said in a recent public statement.

The phrase seems to sum up fairly well both the strength and weakness of the Wilson administration in the present great national emergency.

The evasion of responsibility—"passing the buck"—is almost universal among public men here in Washington, particularly at the present time, when they are all looking shrewdly ahead to possible scandals, possible shortcomings in the preparations for war, even to possible disasters to the national arms.

**Wilson Invites Responsibility.**  
President Wilson does not evade responsibility. He seems to invite it. His intellectual confidence is so great, his critics say, that he declines to make the necessary delegations and divisions of authority. The large number of boards and commissions—a recent estimate was fifty-five—which have been created to handle great and vital problems are responsible only to him. They report to no other authority. His own official subordinates are apt to bring to him final decision nearly every problem of more than minor importance.

Even congress—the individual statesmen having a careful eye on their political future—has taken advantage of the readiness with which the president bows his shoulders to take on additional burden.

**Congress "Passes the Buck."**

When a bill comes up involving new and radical legislation which is likely to arouse the enmity of large classes of voters, congress is likely to insert a provision somewhat as follows:

"The president is empowered to make and enforce such rules and regulations as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the proper carrying out of the purpose of this act."

In other words, congress "passes the buck" and lays the responsibility for legislation on a man whose administrative duties are as great as any individual could be expected to carry. The willingness of President Wilson to accept the constantly increasing tax on his energies is doubtless gallant and courageous.

**Leads to Much Confusion.**

It may be magnificient, but it is not wise. The result is inevitable delay, much confusion, and occasional conflict of authority among administration officials.

The government of the United States is its present tremendous effort to defeat the empire of Germany in the world, or—should be—its most powerful and most potent business organization in the world. Instead of a great business could hope to win in the war of commerce unless he delegated power to carefully chosen subordinates and held them responsible only for results.

It is one of the defects of President Wilson's great quality of self-confidence that he has few wise and disinterested advisers.

**Likes in Imperial Capitals.**  
Any man who occupies a position of vast power will find plenty of men who tell him only what they think he will like to hear. And the courtiers of Washington are not behind the courtiers of capital. While the war is a matter of great intellectual self-confidence it takes a man as well as a wise man to tell him what are recognised as unpleasant truths.

Critics of the administration further say that the president's self-confidence prevents him from paying due attention to the weakness and the mistakes of some among his cabinet officers. They were chosen, indeed, with considerable attention to political and geographical considerations, but not many of them would have been chosen, perhaps, to help direct the prosecution of the greatest war in history, to help guide the nation through the greatest crisis since it was created. But the president selected them.

**Bure to Act with Firmness.**

His confidence in his own judgment, based, indeed, on some years of intimate contact with most of them, and his deep feeling of loyalty will lead him to support each of them until they have to his satisfaction demonstrated their incapacity.

Then President Wilson may be trusted to act with firmness and without delay. Such a decisive test, followed by such action, may come much sooner than now appears on the surface to be likely.

Much will be fair to say every cabinet officer is working on his job to the limit of his capacity. Every one of them is devoting himself whole heartedly to the public service. There are, of course, certain personal ambitions lurking in the background. It is probably impossible to spend a year or two so close to the steps of the throne as a cabinet position without feeling more or less strongly the call of the presidential office.

**Ambitions to Be President.**

It is capital gossip that at least five of Woodrow Wilson's cabinet ministers harbor distinct presidential ambitions. It is certain, for instance, that the friends of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo think the Council of National Defense is not likely to be as successful as it would be if their hero were a member.

"Does he not have to furnish all the necessary money?" they ask, scoffingly.

There are other clashing ambitions within the cabinet. There are some of his members who are, by common consent, declared to be weak men.

But the public may—indeed, it must—have recourse to the fiery and searching tests of this era. There never was a situation which should more certainly and more quickly put men to the proof. It will not be long possible to conceal weakness.

**Scrutinizing More Exacting.**

Mistakes made in the impossible attempt to crowd into six months what Germany has been working on for forty years will be doubtless overlooked. But presently, when our troops get to



## THE MERRY, MERRY VILLAGERS

It Was a Grand and Glorious Day in Austin, With Everybody Who Lives There Taking Part in the Yearly Picnic.



LOWER PICTURES (LEFT TO RIGHT)—ALD. HAZEN, ALICE REICHEL, HELEN BENNETT, ELEANOR HANSEN, AND MARQUERITE SCHILL.

## STOCK MEN SEEK TO REORGANIZE MARKET SYSTEM

Complete reconstruction and reorganization of the live stock marketing facilities of the country will be asked at the hands of the federal trade commission by live stock men at the approaching hearings in Chicago. Their plan of action, as outlined yesterday by Walter L. Fisher, attorney for the American National Live Stock association, contemplated decentralized markets, with unlimited competition in the selling of cattle, hogs, and sheep.

"We are not prepossessing the packers or anyone else," said Mr. Fisher. "We insist that free competition does not exist and that the consumers of the country are paying the price for a cumbersome, highly-expensive and intricate system of producing meat supplies."

He said that the live stock men will ask the commission to recommend and take steps to bring about independent packing plants located near the cattle grazing sections to eliminate the long and costly round trips of live stock, and the later long shipments of meat as dead freight.

They will ask that the packers relinquish any interest they have in end control of stockyards and other instrumentalities involving the marketing of live stock.

"The live stock men will ask the commission to determine the weekly relation between the daily and weekly fluctuations in prices of live stock, and the prices of meat products to consumers," said Mr. Fisher.

They will ask that the packers refrain from strangle conditions.

"We are receiving every assistance and cooperation from Gen. Goethals that his great ability can give us."

"The government fabricating yards will be built on government and not on leased property, and no agreement looking to the giving up of these yards to any private interests will be entered into at this time."

The statement issued by Chairman Denman follows:

"We are rapidly acquiring full information as to the contracts which were proposed to be let by Gen. Goethals.

"The question of commanding is a matter for discussion with the state department, which should be decided almost immediately. We are progressing rapidly toward the perfection of a program which involves an expenditure of \$750,000.

"The statement of the navy department that the submarines have been sinking vessels at the rate of 1,000,000 tons dead weight per month is substantially correct. But at this rate all of the wooden and steel ships contemplated will be required.

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# CAPITALS SHOW COURSE OF WAR ON ALL FRONTS

Reports Issued Tell of the Victories and Defeats of Belligerents.

## RUSSIAN FRONT

### RUSSIAN

PETROGRAD, July 19.—As the result of a night attack our detachments occupied the village of Novits, to the south of Kalus, but suffering great losses in this operation withdrew to the eastern end of the village. Two enemy attacks on the above mentioned detachments were repulsed by our fire.

In the engagement near Novits on Tuesday we captured three machine guns, eight officers, and 220 men.

### GERMAN

BERLIN, July 19.—Challenged by the offensive which the Russians have begun on our fronts by order of their government and in spite of their peace assertions, we have launched a counter attack in east Galicia. German corps have pierced Russian positions east of Zloczow on a wide front.

### DAY STATEMENT

Army group of Prince Leopold: The artillery activity south of Dvinsk and Smorgon, which has been lively for days, continued yesterday.

Northwest of Lutsk and on the northern side of shock troops operations which are being carried out an increase in artillery activity was reported in the capture of numerous points.

South of the Dniester river, the Russians attacked with strong forces the height positions south of Kalus which we had recaptured. They were repulsed everywhere with heavy losses.

Between the wooded Carpathians and the Black sea there were no fighting actions of importance.

### AUSTRIAN

VIRGINIA, July 19.—In the south of East Prussia the Russians attempted with strong forces to capture the heights we had from them. The efforts failed with heavy enemy losses.

North of the Dniester as far as Brody our successful shock troop operations have brought about lively artillery fire which, especially early this morning, increased on some sectors to the greatest violence.

Also in Volynia, Austro-Hungarian, and German shock troops have been active with favorable results.

## FRENCH FRONT

### GERMAN

BERLIN, July 19.—Army group of Crown Prince Rupprecht: In Flaviers the artillery duel continues. In spite of the rain the fighting activity of the concentrated artillery masses was lively throughout the day. Night. Violent reconnoitering thrusts by the division in the coastal region and east of Ypres were frustrated before our lines.

On the Artois front the artillery activity was lively at several points from La Basses canal to the southern bank of the Scarpe.

Southwest of St. Quentin Hessian troops, after strong artillery preparation, stormed the held positions on the west of Cambrai.

The enemy left a large number of prisoners and several machine guns in our hands. He added to his losses by delivering counter attacks in the evening and this morning which broke down without attaining success in front of the captured trenches.

Army group of the German crown prince: The battle was generally within limited bounds, but was revived at intervals in some sectors of the Aisne and the Champagne and on the left bank of the Meuse. At Hochberg our destructive fire forced the French to evacuate parts of the ground recently captured there. At Avocourt wood one of our own attacks led to the reoccupying of a trench which we had lost on the day before.

Army group of Duke Albrecht: There was nothing new to report.

### FRANC

PARIS, July 19.—The artillery was particularly active today between the Somme and the Aisne. South of St. Quentin a fresh enemy attack delivered about 1:30 o'clock against the block of Moulin-Sous-Touvent failed completely.

After an bombardment of extreme violence lasting the entire morning the Germans attacked our positions from northeast of Craonne as far as east of Hirson, sending forward the Fifth corps division, which engaged at several points in thick waves. The attack was a complete failure. The point where only the Germans were the Germans were able to break some elements of our first line trench, where counter attacks avenged them after they had suffered additional heavy losses.

There was a prolonged enemy bombardment on one side south of Corbeny and on the other as far as the region of Vendeuil and Creil. German infantry, despite the fire of our artillery, was not able to advance. The artillery was active on the left bank of the Meuse.

During the days of July 18 and 19 there were thrown into Reims 1,100 shells.

### DAY STATEMENT

Our artillery and the enemy's were active over the whole front. There was especially violent fire between the Somme and the Aisne in the region of Vendeuil and Creil, and on the left bank of the Meuse.

At 8 o'clock yesterday morning the Germans made a counter attack on our new positions at Argentan wood, but were checked by

## THREATS IN GALICIA



## THE WAR A YEAR AGO

July 20, 1916.

British drove the Germans from Longueval and Delville wood.

Large Russian army moved on Carpathian passes on sixty miles.

French resumed offensive on both sides of the Somme and captured six miles of German trenches.

TWO YEARS AGO TODAY.

July 20, 1915.

Germans captured Radom, Blonia, and Grodz.

to advance about twelve miles up the Euphrates in the last ten days.

## CAUCASUS FRONT

RUSSIAN

PETROGRAD, July 19.—Our scouts attacked three Turkish carts ten miles south of Petrikate, seized prisoners, and burned the bridge across the river Karabut-Zarast.

**AZEF INTERRED; PLOTTED DUKE'S DEATH; WAS SPY?**

COPENHAGEN, July 19.—Berlin news papers received here report that Eugen Asaf, who eight years ago was the head of the Russian fighting Socialists, is among the Russian civilians interned in Berlin. Asaf fled from Paris after Vladimir Ilyich Uritsky, a Russian revolutionary, had charged him with being a political spy. He had sought the protection of the revolutionaries and became a wanderer, traveling under various names.

When the war broke out Asaf was in Germany and was interned, according to the report. Later he fell sick and was removed to a hospital and finally appealed to the Russian prisoners of war committee for assistance.

Asaf, it is said, was interned because, among other reasons, he was reported to have played the double rôle of Russian Socialist and spy for the Russian secret police for eight years. He is said to have facilitated the arrest of hundreds of revolutionaries, disclosed dozens of plots against high officials, and even to have been the organizer of assassinations.

Among the high personages who Bourassa charged met death as a result of Asaf's machinations were Grand Duke Paul and M. von Fabrice, Russian minister of the interior. In 1910 Asaf was reported to have been assassinated at Wiesbaden.

Later reports show that the rails

attacked on our trenches at Panthen, southeast of Sapigneul, and in the region of Douaumont were repelled completely. One of our detachments, in an operation against Badonvillier succeeded in inflicting serious losses on the enemy and in taking prisoners.

**SRITHIAN**

LONDON, July 19.—Early this morning the enemy again attacked our positions south of Lopatino, under cover of a heavy bombardment, to which our artillery replied vigorously. His troops succeeded in reaching our line only on a small portion of the front attacked, and those who entered our trenches were at once driven out by our counter attack.

Later reports show that the rails

attacked by the enemy last night west of Charly were repelled with great determination, and repulsed by our artillery. His raiding parties were repelled by our infantry with rifle and machine gun fire, and failed to reach our line at any point.

**AVIATION**

The aerial activity was intense along the whole front. One enemy machine was brought down in an air engagement.

**MACEDONIAN FRONT**

**GERMAN**

BERLIN, July 19.—Between Lake Condris and Lake Prespa, the Dobropolje and the left bank of the Vardar there was lively artillery activity.

**BELGIAN**

PARIS, July 19.—The day was calm on the whole front, except on the Serbian sector, where the enemy artillery carried out some bombardments.

**ROUMANIAN FRONT**

**RUSSIAN**

PETROGRAD, July 19.—Fusiliers have occurred.

**MESOPOTAMIAN FRONT**

**BRITISH**

LONDON, July 19.—On July 11 one of our columns engaged a Turkish force in the direction of Ramadi on the Euphrates. After a short action, in which considerable loss was inflicted on the Turks, a further advance was broken off by us, owing to the extreme heat. As a result of these operations we have been able to

take up positions east of our advanced posts east of Qadisiyah.

There was considerable artillery activity on both sides in the night.

**RELIGION**

PARIS, July 19.—During the course of the night the artillery was active in the direction of Steenstraete and Wanpen. Today the enemy shelled the rear of our positions, especially near Woesten and Lampernisse.

**ITALIAN FRONT**

**ITALIAN**

ROME, July 19.—Last night enemy

shells fell on the city.

storming parties, supported by the heavy artillery and machine gun fire, attacked our positions west of Verona. The attack failed completely, owing to the vigilance of our infantry and the prompt action of our artillery.

In the Melno region we repelled by a counter attack enemy parties which, after artillery preparation, had attacked one of our outposts.

Julian front.—The artillery was more active. Our guns destroyed a fortified position on Monte Nero and dispersed enemy troops observed in the rear of Monte Santo yesterday.

Enemy parties in motion and supply columns and command posts on the road to Cava plateau disappeared.

The enemy shelled our positions east of St. Catherine on the Dose-Palti and southwest of Verona.

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## SAMMIES MAKE CAMP IN FRANCE JUST LIKE HOME

### U. S. Soldier Opens Barber Shop; French Like Men's Equipment.

By the Associated Press.

**AMERICAN TRAINING CAMP IN FRANCE**

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## RED CROSS BEING REORGANIZED ON BUSINESS LINES

H. D. Gibson, New Manager, Divides U. S. Into Thirteen Districts.

Breeding reorganization of the American Red Cross, with the introduction of thorough going business methods in handling its myriad affairs and spending the \$100,000,000 which the American people have placed at its disposal, is taking place at the three day conference of managers and department heads at the University club.

The guiding spirit in the rejuvenation is Harvey D. Gibson, the new general manager, who in business life is president of the Liberty National bank of New York. Mr. Gibson has been chosen by Henry P. Dawson, chairman of the war council of relief organization, to remove red tape and simplify the running mechanism of the Red Cross. He is accompanied here by Eliot Wadsworth, active chairman of the organization.

**"Big Task for Big Men."**

"Our is a big task for big men," said Mr. Gibson in stating the purpose of the meeting. "Problems are springing up momentarilly that must be solved immediately and upon the solution rests the safety, possibly of thousands of our boys' lives overseas."

The Red Cross, he said, is looking for three successful business men of national reputation to take charge of that number of relief districts into which the nation has been divided. Two of these men have been found—George Simmons, president of the Simmons Hardware company at St. Louis, and J. H. Jackson, vice president of the State Street Trust company at Boston. They are to be in charge of the relief work of their respective districts.

"The people must know how we are spending their money," continued Mr. Gibson. "We must be accounted with the same care and close supervision as are the funds of any large and successful commercial or industrial corporation in the country."

**Will Decentralize.**

"We are going to decentralize. We are going to give authority and power to not in local district managers, who are the big men we are seeking. We are going to have them come down to Washington once a month for a conference, and we will discuss our problems together, and they will go back home to tell the people what we are doing and how we are doing it."

"Our task is a tremendous one and we can carry it through only with a united people behind us, and our work systematized and carried on in an orderly, systematic, and useful way."

The plan of organization for the war is similar to that of the federal reserve system. Each district has its own organization, cooperating with other districts, and working in harmony with the big headquarters in Washington, where Mr. Gibson is chief.

"Quick action is what we want everywhere, and no red tape," said Mr. Wadsworth. "Medical supplies, hospital equipment, doctors, nurses, and sanitary safeguards must be moved on a scale heretofore unknown in this country."

"Never in the history of the world has an amount poured out for such an offering for the relief and protection of suffering. At first there was a gap of dismay over the country at the round figure of \$100,000,000 on which we set our hopes. This feeling was only momentary. Without any hesitation the whole nation arose to answer the call of the president for Red Cross week."

**Proof of Interest.**

"Another feature equally striking has been in the willingness of men and women of great affairs or small to lay aside their duties, regardless of what it may cost them individually, to answer the call. I would venture to say that not only was this greatest fund raised, but that the cost of raising it was far and away less than has ever been known. The percentage of cost to total amount of subscriptions will be almost negligible. The great amount of volunteer labor and the assumption of considerable expense by individuals and organizations practically eliminated those usually high costs."

"In a more permanent way the Red Cross will benefit from the services of volunteers. There have been placed at its disposal the full time services of many men prominent in every line of business, men whose services no money could buy."

Details of ways and means of carrying on the work of the organization and enlisting the aid and assistance of every man and woman will be discussed in the sessions of the conference.

## GERMAN LOSSES IN WAR PLACED AT, 4,523,307

LONDON, July 19.—The German casualties reported in the German official news bulletins, but not as having occurred in June, are given out by the war office have as follows:

Killed and died of wounds..... 28,119

Died of disease..... 3,215

Prisoners and missing..... 33,806

Wounded..... 95,806

The totals of the German official lists since the war began are as follows:

Killed and died of wounds..... 1,032,800

Died of disease..... 72,900

Prisoners and missing..... 801,986

Wounded..... 2,823,881

The naval and colonial casualties are not included.

## Mother of Patriots Loses Purse; Who Was Finder?

Mrs. Lucy R. Swindler of 404 Chalmers street, Champaign, Ill., has two sons in the officers' training camp at Fort Sheridan. On July 9 she went to visit them. On the electric car returning she lost her purse containing two to three dollars, three or four ones and some change. She is not wealthy and this loss will prevent her again seeing her sons if they should be ordered to France. Will the finder be square enough to return the purse?

## FIRST FROM CHICAGO TO ACTIVE DUTY

Part of the Thirteenth Engineers Leave City for Service "Somewhere."



GOODBY!

William L. Free bidding good-by to his little sister Evelyn and his friend, Miss Flora Hessel.

## Dutch Warned Following Seizure of German Ships

AMSTERDAM, July 19.—The Berlin Vossische Zeitung, commenting on the recent seizure by British naval forces of German steamers of the Dutch coast, says:

"The Dutch government must recognize that we require from it measures and not mere words if it attaches value to being regarded by us as really neutral."

**Occurred in Dutch Waters.**

THE HAGUE, July 19.—An official announcement issued by the navy department tonight says that British attack on German ships on July 16 occurred within Dutch territorial waters.

## Russian Destroyer Sinks German U-Boat; Crew Lost

PETROGRAD, July 19.—The north and south agency reports that a Russian destroyer sank a German submarine in the Baltic by dropping bombs on it, and that the crew of the submarine was drowned.

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## OXFORDS

Men's Oxford with the famous Dr. Reed Cushion Sole of Lamb's Wool, a soft elastic layer that takes the jar out of walking.

TAN

\$8.00

Per Pair

Smart lines, sane proportions with plenty of room for foot ease, the famous Dr. Reed Cushion Sole to take the jar out of walking, the best of real leather and fine workmanship throughout—make this Oxford a prominent shoe value, combining style, comfort and wear in a remarkable degree. Come in to-day and try on your pair.

The name of the maker on every pair  
J. P. REED SHOE CO., Makers of Men's Shoes  
JOHN REED'S SHOE CO., Makers of Women's Shoes  
SPECIAL ATTENTION TO MAIL ORDERS

DR. A. REED CUSHION SHOE CO.

13 EAST ADAMS ST., NEAR STATE

## SEIZE 150,000

## BULLETS FROM RUSSIA REBELS

## Large Crowds of Soldiers and Workmen Jailed for Rioting.

### BULLETIN.

PETROGRAD, July 19.—Large crowds of arrested soldiers, sailors, and workmen, numbers of machine guns and rifles, and quantities of cartridges were brought to the military headquarters here. The soldiers seized 150,000 cartridges from the opposite direction, a shot rang out. The soldiers in the crowd simply lay. In one minute Nevsky Prospect was full; the next it was deserted. They rushed into doorways and up side streets and the machine guns opened fire.

Mr. Stevens, L. G., a stranger to Petrograd, who had no immediate place to stay, did an imitation of most men stood to the wall, covering the lee of a building. When the soldiers answered the machine guns with rifles we were between fire. Nevsky was raked for five minutes, and it seemed five years. It sounded like a bad hailstorm, the pavement being peppered two feet away. I kept thinking what a fool I was making of myself, with a man trying to protect me with his own body, when the firing stopped. Then we went round the corner, and some fire after us, as we went into the courtyard.

**Retreats for More Excitement.**

I found a dilapidated cab that for 10 rubles took me to my hotel by back ways.

The driver was frightened and told me to get in the back whenever the armed motor passed.

I changed shoes and still in evening dress, went out with Mr. Stevens, the National City bank manager. On the Nevsky Prospect regiments of soldiers were marching quietly and in order toward the duma. I stopped in the crowd and was watching when suddenly, from

the opposite direction, a shot rang out. The soldiers in the crowd simply lay. In one minute Nevsky Prospect was full; the next it was deserted. They rushed into doorways and up side streets and the machine guns opened fire.

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**Good Humor Soon Restored.**

When I went to Nevsky Prospect again the people were singing the Internationale, walking with us at intervals of armed cars full of soldiers, drivers, etc., dash up and down. When we got to Nevsky street again more shots were fired, the dusk making it impossible to tell by whom. The crowd scattered and I took refuge with the others in a convenient door. The soldiers came and warned us to stay in or be killed.

**Surprise Bonus for \$10,000.**

Dr. A. G. Krikoff and Dr. S. G. Gruen are accused of malfeasance in setting a broken bone in a suit for \$10,000 damages brought by his attorney, Harry F. Peleg.

## "Tribune" Writer in Thick of the Riot at Petrograd

BY MILDRED FARWELL  
SPECIAL Cable to CHICAGO TRIBUNE

PETROGRAD, July 19.—[Delayed.]

"Wolf" has been cried so often that no one believed there would be serious riots yesterday when three ministers resigned yesterday when three ministers resigned, for ministers have formed a habit of resigning in Petrograd.

At 7:30 last night I drove along the Nevsky and noticed nothing more than the usual conversational groups. I dined with friends tranquilly at 10:30, heard a shot and thought nothing of it until a servant came running in crying that motor cars full of armed soldiers were in Liteyny street.

We sat on dark coats and went out. Thousands of people were gathered looking toward Liteyny street, up and down, in motor cars, mounted with machine guns and crowded with sailors and rough-looking men, went roaring past. We could just make them out in the twilight, with guns, rifles and bayonets sticking out of every car window.

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Salads Are In Vogue.

and in York, N. Y., THE most popular dish is the potato salad, which is made from boiled potatoes, onions, and eggs.

Say firmly YACHT SUPPLY

# The Chicago Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1847.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 6, 1917, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

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FRIDAY, JULY 20, 1917.

*"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."*

—Stephen Decatur.

## CONTROLLING THE FOOD CONTROLLER.

With the possible exception of certain Asiatic and South American countries the United States is the only important nation in the world which has not yet established control of food supplies. Other nations took effective measures to conserve food and to regulate prices almost immediately after entering the war. Even neutral nations found it expedient to follow the example of the belligerents.

Germany probably took the lead. Under the law of Aug. 4, 1914, the government assumed the power to confiscate all foodstuffs if the rules relating to maximum prices were evaded. Within the same week France appointed a special committee to fix prices. Great Britain, in spite of the fact that her ability to draw supplies from all parts of the world was then unimpaired, passed a law on Aug. 14 authorizing the government to take possession of foodstuffs. Drastic as these laws were, they proved inadequate and were later supplemented by more stringent regulations. But the point is that all of these nations regarded the control of food as an essential part of their military operations and proceeded to establish it just as they proceeded to manufacture ammunition.

In view of the experience of European countries, we are reduced to a kind of despairing wonder in contemplating the inaction of our own congress. The United States entered the war on April 6, and the passage of the food bill is still in doubt. What European nations accomplished in four months we have not been able to accomplish in four months. And if we may judge from the Washington dispatches, our food law is likely to be the least effective of any in the world.

It may be contended that we do not need to impose regulations because we are a great producing country. But it is only necessary to read the market page or go to the corner grocery to discover the fallacy of that argument. No beautiful theories about our economic self-sufficiency are going to protect us from the effects of an international food shortage, especially when that shortage is being exploited by the profiteers in the absence of any effective control.

It seems probable that the true reasons for the opposition to the food bill have not come to the surface. The country at large has expressed a desire for the passage of this legislation, yet certain members of congress have taken advantage of every opportunity to sidetrack affirmative action.

The attacks on Mr. Hoover possibly disclose some of the real sources of antagonism. It does not take a great effort of the imagination to assume that members of congress would like to control the food controller; and it seems quite probable that Mr. Hoover cannot easily be controlled by that sort of political influence.

defend his country. Isn't it about time for all senators and representatives of the south, which is profiting by the war and is to pay less in men and money for its prosecution, to get behind the president, himself a southerner, and support all vital administration policies formulated for the successful conduct of the war?

We have no doubt there are more than enough high spirited young Americans to supply as volunteers whatever aviation corps the war department plans for, however large. But that is no reason the yellow counsel of these senators should be allowed to set up a vicious precedent for shirking any service whatsoever.

## TRAINING CAMPS AND CLIMATE.

It would make considerably for increased public confidence in the war department's conduct of our military affairs if Secretary Baker would explain the plan for the disposal of troops for training. At present, however much we are disposed to credit the department with well considered action, it is difficult to make reason of the reports which come from Washington on this subject. Perhaps they give us garbled fact, or none at all, but one fact is undoubted, that there is much anxiety, especially among parents, as to department plans, and this anxiety it would be wise to allay.

We have a report that the national guard of northern states is soon to be sent into the south, that the next reserve officers' training camps are to be in the south, though they open in August. At the same time elaborate camps for the national army are being built in the north, although training cannot begin much before winter.

We have no wish for the publication of what ought to remain secret, nor to ask for premature information. But the location of troops for training can hardly be classed as a military secret, and by this time it would seem the department must have at least the main outlines of its plan adopted.

Climate conditions are unquestionably important factors in the choice of training camps, and we cannot understand why the guard of Illinois, for example, or that of the northern states should be sent south in August, especially if, as the latest report has it, it is to be sent in autumn to fight through a winter in northern France or Flanders. Perhaps the guard is not to go this spring—that fact, indeed, might be a military secret. But even in such case, what becomes of the principle, sound, we believe, that men may be hardened best in their own climate?

A still further consideration in favor of training in the north is that its climate is much nearer that of northern France and Belgium than that of the south. The latitude of the war region in the west is, roughly speaking, that of Winnipeg. Allowing for the influence of the sea and other conditions, the climate of New England, or better still, that of Oregon and Washington, with its winter rains and piercing though not excessive cold, is nearest to that of Flanders.

The winter climate of Texas, on the contrary, is dry and comparatively warm; that of the south, east of the Mississippi, relaxing, especially to northerners.

Doubtless all essential factors have been considered by the department and the best practicable plan worked out. There are open charges in congress that improper influences have affected it; that southern politics is after graft, as usual. We are not willing to believe this until the proof is clear.

Secretary Baker has shown in more ways than one that he is honest, and firmly striving after military efficiency, and we believe he has not yielded to improper pressure in this instance. Nevertheless, public confidence is greatly to be desired at this time, and a full statement of the training plans, so far as compatible with the public interest, ought, in our opinion, to be made as soon as possible.

## POLITICAL SHOULDER STRAPS.

The men already in the military service, in the camps, the guard, or the regulars, cannot themselves protest against the appointment of officers through political favor. But the parents of the boys who have put on the uniform can do so and should do so at once by direct communication to their congressional representatives, two senators and one congressman. The home press ought to back up these protests. But the greatest of all protests should come from the men who are liable to be drafted into the service and from all who are interested in their welfare. If there is anything that is of paramount importance to the enlisted man it is that he have competent officers. The injustice he suffers in being required to serve under an unfit man is worse than that of the fit man the political disabilities. The private soldier, upon whom all our military strength rests, deserves the best care and leading we can give him.

The whole controversy seems to resolve itself into an effort on the part of certain senators to maintain and extend their political influence.

## OBSTRUCTING THE AVIATION BILL.

There is no shadow of excuse for excepting aviation from the draft. La Follette's obstruction of the aviation bill so far as it is a part of his opposition to compulsory service should not be allowed to delay action on so vital a measure. It is plainly a part of his general policy for embarrassing and retarding the government's conduct of the war and belongs in the account we hope Wisconsin is making up against this exploded leader.

But the point La Follette makes is typical of his attitude toward the soldier's service. The citizen's duty to serve his country in the air is as imperative as the duty to serve in the trenches. We do not know which is the more dangerous, but if it be the air service there is no less duty and more honor. No man is admitted into the air service unless he is proved by the severest tests to be fit for physically and mentally. If such men are assigned to this work it is because they are needed there. La Follette's policy is for the encouragement of the shirker, the coward, and the selfish egotist. It represents the yellow streak in a perverted American humanitarianism and the same sort of irresponsible individualism which is howling through the streets of Petrograd and endangering the gains wise men are guarding for the Russian people.

It is true La Follette's obstruction may please much of his constituency as are more loyal to Germany than to the United States. But Wisconsin we are sure is loyal and will not approve his tactics. With our two Bills and Wisconsin's Bill, Illinois and Wisconsin may commiserate each other.

The case of Gronna of North Dakota and Hardwick of Georgia we hope will be attended to by those commonwealths. Gronna seems to be permanently under the influence of La Follette's ideas. Hardwick has been one of the upholders of the volunteer system. It pains him to think any citizen shall be required by the laws of his country to

## A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

Motto: How to the Line, Let the quip full where they may.

No Doubt It Did.

(From the Line, of ancient date.)  
[London, Jan. 27.—(Special).]—The Times will print below the following poem by Mr. Kipling on the Kaiser's birthday. It will undoubtedly add to the ill-feeling between England and Germany:

They say you are three and forty; I wonder if it be  
true.

You act like a boy of twenty; sometimes like a child  
of two.

You bellow like Mars of your mailed hand, and prate  
of St. Michael's shield;

But the only place it was ever stuck up was on some  
coaling field.

You shy your glove and you set your lance like a  
paladin of old;

But show me the knight that ever by your lance of  
lath was felled.

In the field of the Eastern heathen your "loots" are  
in the van;

But who ever heard of your fighting a fight? I don't  
believe you can.

"DULCE ET DECORUM EST PRO PATRIA MORI." Whereupon  
the average member of the a. c. h. m. race  
takes his hat and goes home.

Sir: In conformity with the practice of leading  
newspapers, why not offer a year's subscription to  
Mr. Orr's Tiny Tribune to the contributor sending you  
"The Hottest Remark Ever Handed Me by the  
Minus." I have two.

One of these Navajo Fedoras made of  
Shaker rug carpet and heavily ribbed: "There's  
one thing I like about that hat" [pause], "it will  
never look any worse."

Entry No. 2: Re a new knif tie (I chose it knif  
knit because it seemed patriotic—I love to watch ladies  
on the street, cars, between courses at the cabaret,  
in the theater, at the concert, and at church, driving  
that's the model; I love to watch them knit)—Oh,  
the remark:

"Well, at last you have a knif tie that will not  
be rendered less slightly by food spots." J. H. U.

ALTHOUGH the records are not at hand, it is a  
safe guess that a fortnight after the big rain, in  
Greece began the local weather man noted a de-  
ficiency of four inches of precipitation.

HOOVER, BROTHERS, HOOVER WITH CARE!  
HOOVER IN THE PRESENCE OF THE BILL OF  
FARE.

Sir: It will save time, space, and ink if we all agree  
to say hoover, not hooverize, after the analogy  
of fletcherize, which should have itch. Hoover-  
ize has not yet appeared. I think: let us kill it in the  
egg. Sample sentence: "It behoves us all to hoover."

F. M. B.

CHANG Name of British Palace.—Evanston  
News-Index.

No. no. The palace name remains as before,  
"George's Place."

The O'Hairs' Day Off.  
(From the Greenwich, Ind., Banner.)

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. O'Hair, Mr. and Mrs. N.  
C. O'Hair, Mr. and Mrs. Bascom O'Hair, Mr.  
and Mrs. Oscar O'Hair and family motored to  
and from Chicago.

COMMERCIAL candor on North Clark street, re-  
ported by Scout L. H. D.: "Joe Ruffcut, Barber."

HOOSES.

(From the Greenwich, Ind., Banner.)

Strong, as of old, to guard and save—

That mighty arm which none can stay.

"MERIT Alone to Win Promotion in New Army."  
Harding headline.

The American leopard, then, CAN change his spots.

The German Intellectuals.  
(From a review of "Das Amerikanische Deutschland.")

Then there are the professors. Frederick the Great was right when he said that there was always some pedant ready to justify anything he did. William II. is as fortunately situated. Here in Grumbach's collection are Professor Ludwig Stein, Professor A. Dorren, Professor Adolf Wagner, Professor Hermann Henckel, Professor Max Leibnitz, Professor Columbia University, Professor Hans Doherty, and more besides. They are here individually and collectively.

An important part of the program is the control of the milk supply. Richmond has an exceptionally good milk supply. It is produced on small dairy farms, none of which has large barns or expensive equipment. The barns are kept very clean. But what is more important is the custom of prompt cooling to a low temperature.

The well waters of the district are not cool.

The farmers do not put up forage.

The custom is to have the milk sent twice a day to the dairies, where it is at once cooled to less than fifty degrees.

The milk is held at this low temperature until it is put on the wagons for distribution.

And, finally, the nursing service is rather exceptional. Of the 3,000 babies born during the year, 1,225 were visited by the nurse.

Some of the mothers had small teeth missing and without one sound tooth in his head, he is able to reject? 2. Would they take a man with a full set of artificial teeth, both top and bottom?

REPLY.

1. You would be rejected.

2. Your brother would fail to pass also, I think.

REQUIREMENTS AS TO HEIGHT.

E. D. writes: "Would you kindly say through your medical column whether there is any line drawn as regards bad or decayed teeth when enlisting for military service?"

I. Would a man with nine teeth be accepted?

2. Would a man with one tooth be accepted?

3. Would a man with two teeth be accepted?

4. Would a man with three teeth be accepted?

5. Would a man with four teeth be accepted?

6. Would a man with five teeth be accepted?

7. Would a man with six teeth be accepted?

8. Would a man with seven teeth be accepted?

9. Would a man with eight teeth be accepted?

10. Would a man with nine teeth be accepted?

11. Would a man with ten teeth be accepted?

12. Would a man with eleven teeth be accepted?

13. Would a man with twelve teeth be accepted?

14. Would a man with thirteen teeth be accepted?

15. Would a man with fourteen teeth be accepted?

16. Would a man with fifteen teeth be accepted?

17. Would a man with sixteen teeth be accepted?

18. Would a man with seventeen teeth be accepted?

19. Would a man with eighteen teeth be accepted?

20. Would a man with nineteen teeth be accepted?

21. Would a man with twenty teeth be accepted?

22. Would a man with twenty-one teeth be accepted?

23. Would a man with twenty-two teeth be accepted?

24. Would a man with twenty-three teeth be accepted?

25. Would a man with twenty-four teeth be accepted?

26. Would a man with twenty-five teeth be accepted?

27. Would a man with twenty-six teeth be accepted?

28. Would a man with twenty-seven teeth be accepted?

29. Would a man with twenty-eight teeth be accepted?

30. Would a man with twenty-nine teeth be accepted?

31. Would a man with thirty teeth be accepted?

32. Would a man with thirty-one teeth be accepted?

33. Would a man with thirty-two teeth be accepted?

34. Would a man with thirty-three teeth be accepted?

35. Would a man with thirty-four teeth be accepted?

36. Would a man with thirty-five teeth be accepted?

37. Would a man with thirty-six teeth be accepted?

38. Would a man with thirty-seven teeth be accepted?

39. Would a man with thirty-eight teeth be accepted?

## CITY PLANS DAY OF HONOR TO NEW NATIONAL ARMY

Backers of Preparedness Parade Behind Move for Celebration.

The patriotic men and women who organized Chicago's preparedness parade a year ago took steps yesterday toward establishing a day to honor the birth of the new national army.

Among the organizations interested in the proposal are the Chicago Association of Commerce and the National Security League. If such a day is established, either as a local celebration of the draft army or as a national affair, a time will be selected shortly before the men are called to the training camps. It has not been determined yet how soon the camps will be started. Originally Sept. 1 was set as the date, but with the delay in making the draft it was feared that the men may not be sent to the cantonments before Oct. 1.

### Parade Is Suggested.

John W. O'Leary, president of the Association of Commerce, will take the matter up today with a number of the leading men in the organization. The principal feature of the celebration will be a parade of the men called to the draft if the suggestions are carried into effect.

Considerable enthusiasm was evidenced at the suggestion for the day for the new army which was made in an editorial.

John T. Stockton, chairman of the committee on military affairs of the Association of Commerce, will call a meeting of his committee for Monday or Tuesday to take up the matter.

Mr. O'Leary will not wait for the military affairs committee to act, however, but will confer with a number of the association leaders at once.

### May Choose Labor Day.

"There is a possibility of using Labor Day for the celebration," said Mr. O'Leary. "The president has suggested that we keep every industry going, and if the two holidays could be combined it would be in harmony with the president's policy. If the Association of Commerce decides to act we shall try to make it a general affair for the whole country."

H. H. Merrik, president of the Chicago branch of the National Security League and one of the most active members of the Association of Commerce committee on military affairs, was out of town yesterday when he was present at the meeting of the security league, was enthusiastic over the proposal.

### BAKER PRAISES PLAN.

Washington, D. C., July 19.—[Special.]—Secretary of War Baker endorsed today THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE'S proposal for a "New Army Day" to do honor to the million and a quarter men responding to the call for military service and to draw attention to the war.

The secretary expressed the hope that other large cities will follow the plan suggested by THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE for Chicago.

### Secretary Baker Said:

"The Tribune's idea is a splendid one if it is properly worked out."

"Every opportunity that can be shown to honor to these young men responding to the nation's call ought to be taken advantage of."

### Honor Due Drafted Men.

Hasty commendation of the proposed "New Army Day" was voiced by members of the Senate.

"Like the preparedness parade," Senator Sherman of Illinois said, "such a celebration as proposed in honor of the draft army will give the people of the country clearer evidence of that army. It is an honor due these men who are drawn for service. It will call attention to the duty which they are to perform and will arouse an appreciation of what they are to mean to the welfare of our allies. I hope that the proposed celebration will become general throughout the country."

### A Fine Idea.

"A fine idea," Senator Kenyon of Iowa said. "I hope THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE will push it."

### Urge Sets Gair on Fire.

Edward Delaney, 2 years old, of 918 Waukegan street, a youthful humorist, set fire to the dress of his mother, Mrs. John Gair, on May 1st, and only quick action saved the girl's life. The police will discuss ethics with Edward today.

## FORTUNE'S HANDMAIDENS

Two Girls Whose Millions Are Added To with Developments in Their Parents' Estates.



MISS MARIAN STEWART.  
MISS JEAN STEWART.

## ROADS RUSHING COAL, FIGURES ON CARS SHOW

More than 750,000 cars of coal were carried by the railroads of the country in June, according to a report received yesterday from the railroads' war board. This is shown to be an increase of 10 per cent over the same month in 1916, and an indication of how the roads have responded to the call of the administration to give preference to coal transportation.

"That the railroads are providing a much more nearly adequate transportation service for all classes of freight is indicated by the fact that the unfilled car orders, or what is called the 'car shortage,' shows a reduction on June 30 of nearly 50 per cent from the situation on June 1," the report states.

"The unfilled car orders on May 1 were 148,027, on June 1 they were 108,640, and on June 30 they were 77,144."

## LATE MR. MIDAS IS RIValed BY STEWART HEIRS

Every Time They Open a New Strong Box More Money Appears.

How would you like to get dunned for the rent of a safety deposit box you did not know anything about? And how would you like to go down and pay the bill, amounting to \$7,50, peek into the box, and discover a quarter of a million dollars in cash?

Well, that is what happened about two days ago to Leander H. La Chance, 1020 Ardmore avenue, Edgewater, excisor and guardian of Jean Stewart, 5 years old, and her sister, Marian, 16, sole heirs of the late John X. Stewart, multimillionaire speedometer manufacturer.

### The Second Big Find.

And how would you like to have learned a few months before that discovery that certain deposit slips found in an old desk represented nearly two million dollars in negotiable securities in its loose banks that you knew nothing about?

Well, this is what happened to these two orphaned children, who prefer that dolls and story books to the legal disclosures of hidden fortunes.

These discoveries were made public for the first time yesterday when a report was filed in the office of the clerk of the County court by the attorney general's office fixing the inheritance tax on the estate of the late speedometer manufacturer.

Clark Finds Deposit Slips.

A clerk in Mr. Stewart's New York office is said to have discovered the deposit slips on the Chicago banks calling for the sum, said to be \$1,300,000 in securities. This amount was not included by the attorneys and the executors in that part of the estate sub-ject to taxation and it there

fore did not become known to the inheritance tax office until presentation of the slips was made at the office of Attorney John D. Black of the firm of Winston, Payne, Strawn & Shaw, of counsel for the estate, stated last night that as Mr. Stewart was a resident of the state of New York he would contest the payment of inheritance tax on these particular holdings to both the states of Illinois and New York. Under the Illinois law the taxes that would accrue on the \$1,300,000 at 2 per cent would be the state by \$30,000.

First He Knew of It.

The discovery of the \$300,000 made by Mr. La Chance ten days ago was brought about when he, as executor and guardian, received a bill for rent of the safe deposit box. This was his first intimation of the box being in existence.

He with Attorney Black called at the National Safe Deposit company and the key to the box was obtained. Upon

## "JUDGE, SHE—"

Being the Daily Grind of Those That Find Matrimony Irrksome and Find Relief in Decease; Sometimes It Is, "Judge, He—"

JOHN D. RINDELL of 918 Sunnyside avenue did not care for his wife, Minnie M. Decres.

Charles F. Hawkins of 280 West Polk and Marguerite Hawkins never had time for her. Decres.

Mrs. Kitti Peirce of 2101 North Tripp avenue said Frank was "purely devilish over other women." Decres.

Charles F. Hawkins of 280 West Polk and Marguerite Hawkins never had time for her. Decres.

Reuben MacKenzie's mind ran to chickens (feathered kind) and he left Decres.

Edgar Foster killed the other woman. Yesterday his wife, Jennie, 8835 Marshall avenue, got a decree.

Mrs. Billie Vance of 2101 North Tripp avenue said Frank was "purely devilish over other women." Decres.

Adolph Fraiser resented Irene's wifely kiss and shoved her into the kitchen range. She's free.

Thomas Rowland repeated too late, so Mrs. Emma J. Rowland is free.

## TUT! TUT! DON'T SLAM GERMANS, WARNS BISHOP

BY THE REV. W. B. NORTON.

"The attendance at the Desplaines camp meeting was the largest of any week day I have seen for years," said Dr. Edward B. Crawford. "Every train from Chicago had persons standing up in the cars, so great was the crowd."

Bishop Thomas Nicholson in his pentecostal address urged the ministers and church membership to be careful not to excite hate or use intemperate language with reference to the Germans.

Upholds President.

"I uphold President Wilson in his stand on the war and I am patriotic to the last degree," he said. "But I believe also in cultivating the spirit of brotherly love. So far as I am able to judge, the German Methodist ministers and church members are loyal and true with scarcely an exception."

Bishop Nicholson held a cabinet meeting with the district superintendents in which matters pertaining to the coming session of the Rock River conference, which meets Oct. 8 in Belvidere, were discussed. A proposition, it was learned, had been made to redistrict the conference districts so that all of them would head up in Chicago.

No Conclusion Reached.

There are now two districts in Chicago and three outside of Chicago. Bishop Nicholson said the matter had been discussed, but no conclusion had been reached. The question of the appointment of chaplains for the army from this region was also discussed.

It was announced that the Rev. Charles A. Gage, pastor of Olivet church, would go to France in October, and therefore that the Olivet church and the Englewood First church, from which the Rev. J. S. Dancy went last May, are the two of the churches whose pupiles will have to be supplied.

Home Guards to Rally.

The First Regiment of Home Guards recently organized, will hold a rally and picnic at the Desplaines Riverwalk park on Saturday afternoon. The purpose of the rally is to take up the duties of the national guard units called into war service.

## PARIS GARTERS

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## White Flannels, Silks and Linens in Abundance



MADE TO ORDER

## We Have EVERYTHING

in hot weather fabrics to make up into clothes for men.

Light and airy serges in blue, brown and gray.

The new Worsted Crashes that hold their shape as well as the heavy goods—and yet are as cool and as comfortable as linen. Feather-weight Homespuns in exclusive patterns.

Flannels in the new grays and blues, pure white or white with hairline stripes and checks.

We don't believe you can mention a single kind of lightweight fabric for men's clothes that we can't show you.

Best of all! We are offering these at sale prices—

## Suit and Extra Trouser

\$30 to \$60

An early call is advisable.

**NICOLL The Tailor**  
**WM JERREMS' SONS**  
Clark and Adams Streets

You can safely entrust all your traveling paraphernalia to this sturdy wardrobe trunk. Fiber covered and fiber lined, decorated inside with plain or fancy cloth, full equipment, two sizes, a feature value at \$25.

Cowhide Traveling Bags  
Brown, tan, and black genuine cowhide traveling bags, leather lined, hand-sewed frame, and reinforced corners, 18-inch size, a very unusual value at \$9.85

## YOUR HOME

IS ONE OF YOUR MOST VALUED POSSESSIONS

Protect it with a

### Torrens Certificate of Title

Which is based on court decree and is an obligation of Cook County.

If your property is registered under this system you can convey it in an hour's time at a cost of \$3.00 or, if you so desire, you can borrow on it as quickly as you can on a bond or certificate of stock.

The Registrar of Titles maintains an office force of trained men who daily serve over 2000 people interested in Cook County real estate. They will be pleased to furnish you with any information you may desire regarding the Torrens System, which is the most modern method of land registration.

JOSEPH F. HAAS,  
Recorder of Deeds and Registrar of Titles.  
County Building, Clark and Washington Sts.

## Emerson Records

25¢

EMERSON Records are making music history. America has long waited for the world's finest music at a popular price—25c. Emerson Records are sweeping the country because they place within the reach of all, fun—education—entertainment—enjoyment—at a price everyone can easily afford—25c.

A Few of the 400 Emerson Selections Now On Sale at Chicago's Leading Stores:

### PATRIOTIC SELECTIONS

7180 March Patriotic Military Tactics  
7138 Call to Arms Sweet Melody of All POPULAR SELECTIONS

7197 Land of the Free, Oh Johnny! Oh!  
Everybody Loves a Girl Who's Modest  
7196 I Ain't Got Nobody Much  
7188 It Takes a Long, Tall, Brown Skin Gal  
He's Just Like You  
When Louis Riccardo Do the Hoo-Hoo  
The Cute Little Wigglin' Dance

7141 Circus Day in Dixie  
My Little China Doll  
7137 What Do You Want to Make Those  
Play On ALL  
Play On BOTH SIDES

### DANCE SELECTIONS

7199 There's Someone More Lovable Than You, Medley

7196 Ragging the Waves Waters of Venice

7173 Saxophone Sobs Allah's Holiday

7183 Out From Rio Off To Philadelphia

7154 La Donna E Mobile Vest Li Giubba

7185 Love, You're Right Folks  
Liberland Waltz in A Major

Ask Your Dealer for Complete Catalog

EMERSON PHONOGRAPH COMPANY, Inc., New York  
Chicago Branch: 7 East Jackson Boulevard  
The World's Third Largest Disc Record Manufacturers

# Where to Spend Your SUMMER VACATION



MICHIGAN.

MICHIGAN.

MICHIGAN.

## Petoskey and Charlevoix

### PETOSKEY

The Hub of the Northern Michigan Resorts. Situated on the semi-circle of Little Traverse Bay, Petoskey is a healthful and airy summer resort, surrounded by inland lakes. Marvelous air that gives instant relief to hay fever sufferers. Noted mineral wells. Splendid golf courses. A summer city, amidst nature's choicest landscapes. Soils there are compared favorably with those of Naples. The Play Ground of the North.

### THE MOVERS

Light housekeeping rooms. Mrs. G. E. Smith, Prop.

### THE MOYER AND THE ROSE TEAROOM

Mrs. J. S. Moyer, Prop.

### TERACE HOUSE

Mrs. C. A. Baker, Prop.

### THE KING COTTAGE

Mrs. F. King, Prop.

### THE SLOWMEYER

Mrs. May Slowmeyer, Prop.

### FRANKLIN HOTEL

J. F. Bremermeier, Prop.

### THE NEW BRAUN

Good things to eat. Geo. C. Braun, Prop.

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HOTEL HOWARD

Mrs. Jane Martin, Prop.

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### CHARLEVOIX

Of the many beautiful spots in Northern Michigan none is more lovely than Charlevoix the Beautiful. Nestled between Pine Lake and Lake Michigan, it offers all the summer diversions, bathing, boating, yachting, fishing, golfing, horseback riding, tennis and motoring and miles and miles of excellent auto roads. Write any of the following hotels for full particulars:

### CHARLEVOIX-ON-THE-BEACH

Mrs. J. S. Baker, Prop.

### THE BELVEDERE

R. P. Foley, Mgr.

### HALLETT HOTEL

J. J. Hallett, Prop.

### LINDA VISTA

J. Saunders, Prop.

### THE BARTLETT

Mrs. L. B. Bartlett, Prop.

### THE SHORES COTTAGE

Mrs. M. A. Shore, Prop.

### CHARLEVOIX HOTEL

Frank T. Blossey, Prop.

### Address WAUKAZOO INN, Holland, Mich.

The Most Attractive and Direct Route is via Steamers of the

## Northern Michigan Line

Operating the Big Ships—Superior Equipped Steel Steamers—Passenger Service between CHICAGO and NORTHERN MICHIGAN POINTS, DETROIT and BUFFALO.

For illustrated folder, book of 1912 hours and full information regarding Northern Michigan resorts, address

J. C. CONLEY, Gen. Pass. Agent  
Office & Dock, Municipal Pier (East End Grand Av.)  
CHICAGO  
City Ticket Office, 125 So. Clark St. Phone Superior 7800

SPRING LAKE, MICH.

Broad, clean, safe sand beach. Rooms in hotel. Motor cars \$10 to \$14 per week. Tennis, dancing, bathing, etc. No competition. Two cottages furnished for housekeeping—price to Nov. 1, \$60 and \$125.

WELLS & SIEZER, MARBERT, MICHIGAN

### Lake Cora

is a delightful place for a vacation. Cheering sports, diversions, energy and health producing atmosphere. Tennis, Dancing, Bathing, Fishing, Etc. Electric lights, running hot and cold water. Excellent food. Write for booklet.

RICH BROS.  
Lake Cora Resort, Lake Cora, Mich.

### PINE-TREE INN

NEAR BUFFALO, MICH.  
At Miles from Spring Lake. Good bathing, boating, tennis, dancing, etc. Write for booklet.

EDEN SPRINGS BENTON HARBOR, MICHIGAN

Open June 1st. Ideally situated. Beach and bathing facilities. Large swimming pool. All accommodations furnished. Superior table. Golf, tennis, bathing, dancing, tennis. Write for booklet.

ARUBUTUS BANKS HOTEL SPRING LAKE MICHIGAN

Excellent table. Golf, tennis, bathing, dancing, tennis. Write for booklet.

Anderson's Resort PETAWAWA LAKE

Overlooking lake. Good dining, bathing, tennis, dancing, etc. Swimming pool. Lodging at Graham's Inn. Auto and tourist coach service to and from Chicago.

EDEN SPRINGS BENTON HARBOR, MICHIGAN

Open June 1st. Ideal location. Beach and bathing facilities. Large swimming pool. All accommodations furnished. Superior table. Golf, tennis, bathing, dancing, tennis. Write for booklet.

Grand Rapids, Grand Haven & Muskegon Railway

The Great Third Rail, hourly, Grand Haven, Spring Lake, Muskegon, to Grand Rapids. Fast trains connect with Chicago and Milwaukee trains. Ask for booklet. S. L. VAUGHAN, Traffic Manager, Grand Rapids, Mich.

GOODRICH STEAMSHIP LINES

THE GOODRICH WAY GIVES THE RESORTER A COOL, RESTFUL RIDE

DAILY 8:30 P. M.

Please ask for folder of resorts and trips.

DOCKS, FOOT MICHIGAN AVE., LOOP TICKET OFFICE 56 WEST ADAMS ST.

### KROLAND'S FRUIT FARM AND COTTAGE RESORT

Biggs, Ind., and nearest to St. Louis and Bremen Harbor, on St. Joe River. Furnished cottage and rooming house. Write for booklet.

C. H. W. KROLAND, BENTON HARBOR, MICH.

### LAKE HARBOR RESORT

On Lake Michigan. Fishing, boating, bathing. Hot tubs. Write for booklet.

CHAS. MEISTER, BUREGER, MICH.

### RIVERSIDE INN FRUITLAND, MICHIGAN

Fruitland, Mich., 10 miles from Muskegon. Complete outfitting. Rooming house, bath, etc.

Tickets for sale \$10 each. Mile.

### SOUTH HAVEN, MICH.

Very good and popular. Good country in the vicinity. Beach, boating, bathing, tennis, dancing, etc. Write for booklet.

LINWOOD FARM SO. HAVEN, MICH.

With family room, bath, etc. Moderate rates. Ideal place for children.

### SOUTH HAVEN

Rooms, bath, etc. Ideal for children.

MRS. A. H. PROUTY, Prop.

### LAKESIDE INN MACATAWA BAY

Excellent, beautiful Macatawa Bay. Fine bathing, boating, tennis, etc. Write for booklet.

M. A. KROHLER, E. F. D. T., Holland, Mich.

### Furnished Cottages AT SAUGATUCK BEACH MICHIGAN

J. S. BUEL, 7257 STONY ISLAND AV., CHICAGO

### FOREST HALL

A ideal place for a vacation. Ask for booklet.

M. C. B. G. T. M., Grand Haven, Mich.

### THE ANGELUS

South Haven. Pleasantly situated on Lake Shore. Auto, caravans, tennis, dancing, etc. Write for booklet.

M. A. LEILLIE, Grand Haven, Mich.

### BEACH HOUSE

For the very sport and pastime desired for a real vacation. Write for booklet.

MRS. J. F. BURLIN, Grand Haven, Mich.

### THE GRAND

Comfortable accommodations. Strictly home cooking. Excellent bathing beach.

MRS. J. F. BURLIN, Grand Haven, Mich.

### HAWLEY'S FRUIT FARM

Rooms, bath, etc. Fresh vegetables, eggs, fruit. Ideal for families. Booklets.

MRS. H. E. HAWLEY, SOUTH HAVEN, MICH.

### SAUGATUCK AND DOUGLAS

The homeliest summer resort across the fruit belt. Ideal for children.

MRS. J. F. BURLIN, Grand Haven, Mich.

### WESTMERE INN

Rooms, bath, etc. Moderate rates. Ideal for children.

MRS. A. H. PROUTY, Prop.

### THREE LAKES TAVERN

Outstanding, beautiful Macatawa Bay. Fine bathing, boating, tennis, etc. Write for booklet.

KROHLER & KREK, P. O. Lakewood, Mich.

### TABOR FARM

Rooms, bath, etc. Moderate rates. Ideal for children.

MRS. A. H. PROUTY, Prop.

### THE COLONIAL

Rooms, bath, etc. Moderate rates. Ideal for children.

MRS. A. H. PROUTY, Prop.

### YEWDALE BEACH

Rooms, bath, etc. Ideal for children.

MRS. A. H. PROUTY, Prop.

### THE ATLANTIC

Rooms, bath, etc. Ideal for children.

MRS. J. A. MATHERSON, Grand Haven, Mich.

### YEWDALE BEACH

Rooms, bath, etc. Ideal for children.

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### YEWDALE BEACH

## FROZEN POULTRY SPECULATORS FACE VAST LOSS

51,000,000 Pounds Now in Storage with the Market Falling.

A big crop, disappointing volume of exports, and high prices have gotten speculators in dressed poultry in a tight fix, according to statements made by South Water street dealers yesterday.

Stocks of more than 51,000,000 pounds of poultry are held in cold storage houses of the country by these speculators.

Among the local dealers are said to be most of the big meat packers; Legman & Heisler, 215 West Fifth Water street; G. D. Gilman & Co., 215 North Fifth Avenue; and Schlesinger & Aaron, 208 North Fifth Avenue. Fullschefeld & Aaron, 208 North Fifth Avenue; Haggie & O. D. Gilman & Co. were among the firms indicted by the May federal grand jury under the charge of manipulation of food prices.

**Selling Out Stocks.**

In a last desperate effort to dispose of this stock at a minimum loss, which has run into thousands of dollars, some dressers allege that frozen and storage poultry, some of it as much as two years old, is now being sold in the guise of fresh killed fowl.

Most of the supplies were accumulated last fall at higher prices than ever before to meet the paid before for cold storage stocks. It was expected European countries would flood this market with buying orders.

**Hopes for a Jolt.**

But these gamblers are at a jolt they will never remember. It will be the heat that will happen for the consumers.

"Had they been married and profited this year, next year we have found them going to their graves. They are responsible for the fact that poultry prices since last fall have been 8 to 5 cents a pound higher than they should have been."

"They came to me last fall and offered to contract for 5 cents a pound. When I asked for 5 cents a pound, they said, 'We'll give you our regular trade for that, but we'll accept hundreds of other customers throughout the country and you'll be satisfied.'

"They came to the government report yesterday. It was 11,450,000 pounds of frozen poultry in cold storage houses in this country on July 1. This compared with last year's total of 5,000,000 pounds on the same date a year ago."

**One Holder Explains.**

In a statement issued last night O. D. Gilman said:

"A number of commission men and some of the stockyards packers have a considerable quantity of chickens in storage, about 10,000,000 pounds altogether. This supply will be put in storage this year. We have started an advertising campaign urging people to eat dressed poultry, but have never stated speculation in poultry."

**Special Assembly Asked to Acquire Power Dam**

In its efforts to take over the Brandon power dam, now held by the Economy Light and Power company, the sanitary district trustees yesterday decided to ask Gov. Lowden for a special session of the legislature to urge placing the Brandon locality in the jurisdiction of the district, so that the latter, which has deserved the economy company, may supply light and power for the district.

**U. S. Needs State Engineers.**

A special committee for state engineers and bridge was formed yesterday by the United States civil service commission. The government needs great numbers of both men and women in the departments in Washington and federal offices throughout the country, and urges as a patriotic duty that citizens who qualify apply immediately for examination.

The Rev. Gustaf F. Johnson of Minneapolis will speak this evening.

MRS.

His First Name Is "John" and That's All Mrs. James R. Huff Knows About Her Daughter Mildred's Recently Acquired Husband.



## WOMEN PICKETS QUIT WORKHOUSE AFTER PARDON

Suffragists Plan More Demonstrations at White House.

Washington, D. C., July 19.—Sixteen women sent to the workhouse for their part in the tumultuous suffrage demonstration yesterday at the White House accepted pardons from President Wilson today and were released after serving two days of their sixty day term.

The prisoners left the workhouse apparently without regret, despite their previous declarations that they desired to serve out their time without appeal or clemency. These assertions had led to an announcement by the department of justice, pointing out that a "pardon need not be accepted unless the prisoner desired it."

**Plan to Continue Picketing.**

At headquarters of the Woman's party this sixteen were received as martyrs and at a dinner given there in their honor plans were made for continuing the White House picketing of which Saturday's demonstration was a part.

A defiant statement issued at the headquarters said the campaign to impress President Wilson and the country by parading before the White House gates would go on without change.

Secretary Tumulty said the pardon must speak for itself and that the White House would have no statement to make of the president's reason for his action.

Douglas Field Malone, collector of customs of New York, who had planned to appeal the case of the prisoners declined to make any comment on the president's action. He received the news at suffrage headquarters.

**Dr. Shaw Lauds Action.**

Philadelphia, Pa., July 19.—A wise and patriotic action," Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, honorary president of the National Woman's Suffrage Association, said when informed today that President Wilson had pardoned the sixteen suffragists. "I am glad to see that he viewed the sentence in the light he did and am glad for his action."

The card is all I know about Mildred's marriage, and you see that isn't very much," said Mrs. Huff.

Last Thursday afternoon, a week ago today, she and some girl friends said they were going to a party on Blackstone avenue. Now, I think Mildred intended all the time to get married and the "party" was just a scheme of hers to carry out that intention. She must have thought that I would know who John was, but although I have tried my hardest to learn, I can't do it.

Mildred's mother, Mrs. John Huff, had just returned from the Nazareth academy, near Louisville, Ky., where she had been studying music for the last six months. She is known to her school chums as "Polly."

**FRAME PLATE TO WILSON.**

At a "minute luncheon" yesterday in the room of Mrs. Brackett Bishop at the Chicago Beach hotel members of the Woman's party prepared a telegram to be sent to President Wilson urging the passage of the Susan B. Anthony amendment as a war measure. Among the signers were: Mrs. Brackett Bishop, Miss Ella Abel, Mrs. William Henkle, Mrs. Nobel Prentiss, Mrs. Lawrence Gilbert, Miss Mary Colburn, Mrs. James T. West, Mrs. Josephine Kempf Linton, and Mrs. R. L. McCall.

**Drill Offered Drafted Men.**

Mr. Otto McFadden, commander of the Suburban Reserve battalion, Oak Park, is calling all men drafted in Oak Park to join the battalion at 8 a.m. to set the rudiments of military training, which may bring advantages to the new recruits. The men are to be drilled Sunday morning on Phillips Field, Oak Park.

Mr. Welch urges the city councilors of all north shore municipalities to pass the curfew ordinance or take some such similar action.

Mr. Welch sent letters to the following mayors: Lake Forest, Peter Christianen; Lake Bluff, William J. Vanderklok; Lake Forest, Kenneth Adingdon; Highland Park, Samuel Hastings; Highwood, John Moyers; Libertyville, J. H. More.

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## GAINER DROPS SOX FOR COUNT WITH A HOMER

Drive Nets 2 Runs in First and Wins for Boston, 3 to 2.

**BY JAMES CRUSINBERRY.**  
A home run into the left bleachers by Del Gainer in the first inning spoiled the whole afternoon for a big crowd of White Sox rovers at Comiskey park and enabled Boston's Red Sox to nose out a victory in the first fight of a series of five by a score of 3 to 2. One man was on when Gainer delivered the four base blow, and that was the blow that decided the game.

It was a great game of baseball, but it was an uphill fight for the boys on the south side. Boston, with its two run lead in the first round, was filled with confidence, and confidence seemed to inspire the Hub town felloes, for they displayed more spirit and enthusiasm than they did from the police as the game stretched on.

Box Fight All the Way.

In spite of the handicap the Sox caused many a thrill for the crowd, for the Rowdies fought madly every inch of the way and lacked only one run of tying the count when the end came. They were slugging at the curves of big Babe Ruth, the giant southpaw, and the big blow was in fine fettle. In the first few innings he steamed the ball through in a way that made the old timers think of the days of Rube Waddell, and the Sox were helpless, just as helpless as they were ten or twelve years ago when Rube was hurling.

However, the big southpaw weakened after three, later in the game and the Sox whaled one run home in the fourth when Ray Felsch connected for a two base hit which sent Jackson home from first base. The other run came in the ninth, when Swede Risberg piled a triple to the wall in right center. Those two blows were the only damaging ones delivered during the game. There were several other chances to have a blow, even for one base, but could have done wonderful damage. In these critical times the Sox were small and void.

Williams Gives Ruth Battle.

Frank Williams was selected to oppose the big Boston hurler, and outside of the first inning the little Chicago southpaw was the equal of his rival. In that first round, though, the big hurler was down. After he had retired the first batter on a pop fly Williams permitted Barry to walk to first base and then he began feeding his curves to Gainer. Del finally picked on one of those curves, a rather slow twister, started low and winding its way up high and on the inside. Gainer acted as if set for just very delivery, for he stepped back to look for a full swing. The ball landed in the middle of the bleacher, and Gainer trotted around, smugly Barry in ahead of him.

After that Williams pitched some swell baseball. He was spiking the boys' boot easy fly balls into the air. Along in the sixth inning, after two were out, Larry Gardner boosted one of those ridiculously easy pop flies. It was down behind third base, however, too far back for Weaver or Risberg to nab and too far in for Jackson to capture. The ball landed squarely on the foul line and raised a cloud of white like a good for two ball. Hooper followed with a sharp single to center and Gardner beat Felsch's frantic peg to the plate.

Great Chance in Eighth.

The Sox had one big opening in the eighth, when with one out Gandler singled. Risberg flied out, but Schalk singled, and then McMullin, batting for Williams, got a hit on a lucky bounce over Gardner's shoulder. Scott stopped the ball, however, so no runner got home, but the bases were filled. John Collins had a chance to become a hero, for he was next up, but although John delivered a nice drive it was right into the center fielder's hands.

Out where Risberg started, a ninth innning with a triple to the right center wall, Schalk immediately poked a single to center, sending Risberg home, and the crowd got wild again. Eddie Murphy was hustled out to run for Schalk and Jenkins was sent up to hit for Wolfgang. Jenkins hit a nice fly right to Hooper, and then John Collins ended the game by forcing Murphy at second on a roller to Scott.

CHICAGO.

J. Collins, r.t. 3	AB 5 H 7 TBBSHSE P A R
Wade, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 2 0
E. Collins, 2b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0
Gardner, 1b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Levitt, 1b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Scott, 2b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Ruth, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total: 33	3 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
Chicago, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Boston, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Wade, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
E. Collins, 2b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Gardner, 1b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Levitt, 1b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Scott, 2b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Ruth, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total: 33	3 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
Chicago, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Boston, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Wade, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
E. Collins, 2b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Gardner, 1b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Levitt, 1b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Scott, 2b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Ruth, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total: 33	3 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0

\*Batted for Williams in seventh. Jenkins batted out for Williams in ninth.

BOSTON.

Walsh, ch. 3	AB R H TBBSHSE P A R
Berry, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Gardner, 1b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Levitt, 1b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Scott, 2b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Ruth, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total: 33	3 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
Chicago, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Boston, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
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Gardner, 1b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
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Gardner, 1b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Levitt, 1b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Scott, 2b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Ruth, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total: 33	3 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0

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Gardner, 1b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
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Berry, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
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Berry, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
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Ruth, 3b. 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total: 33	3 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0

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BOSTON.

Wal
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## 'PULL' TO AVAIL TRAINING CAMP STUDENTS NIL

War Office Tells Instructors Merit, That Alone, Is to Count.

BY PARKE BROWN.  
Port Sheridan, Ill., July 19.—[Special.]—In unmistakable language the war department has notified the regular officers assigned to reserve officers' training camps throughout the country that absolutely no outside influence will be allowed to affect the distribution of commissions.

War Office Telegram.

Here is the text of a telegram sent out by Adm. Gen. McCain and forwarded here from central department headquarters:

"Appointments of reserve officers from candidates are to be based solely on demonstrated efficiency as reported by boards of regular officers at these camps."

"Appointments will in no case be made as a result of outside influence. It is desired that yourself and all officers be fully impressed with the fact that the regular army is on trial in this matter as to its ability and capacity to do this work efficiently."

"Full responsibility for results obtained will rest upon the regular army and cannot and will not be shared with any one else."

The telegram indicates that the war department will not give way to pressure brought by politicians in an effort to name the lieutenant colonels with regard to military fitness.

Col. Appetite Challenges.

Late tonight reports from the outposts on three sides of the camp were that an enemy was attacking vigorously. It was that old friend, healthy appetite, which was not assuaged by the offering of three slices of bacon, one potato.

## CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

During July and August This Store Closes Saturdays at 1 o'clock

### Extensive Assortments of Men's New Bathing Suits

Whatever your idea in a bathing suit may be, be quite assured that it is here in these great assortments—

From \$1.75 to \$10 according to quality.

One-piece bathing suits, with shirt attached, in many different styles, with high colored stripes, \$1.75 to \$10.

Two-piece bathing suits in wool and cotton, \$1.75, \$4.50 and \$5.00.

Plain white jersey knit shirts, with blue, lavender or myrtle green swimming pants—Shirts, \$2.50; pants, \$2; white belts, 50c.

Professional swimming suits of worsted yarn in solid navy blue color, made with large armholes, small shoulder straps and short trunks, \$3.75.

Men's bathing shoes, \$1.50 Men's bathing oxfords, 75c Life preservers in the new vest style to be worn under the bathing suit, \$1.25.



Second Floor, North

## CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

During July and August This Store Closes Saturdays at 1 o'clock

### Bathing Suits, Beach Costumes And All the Needed Accessories

Here are bathing outfits for women, misses and wee maids. Nothing that contributes to a complete costume is lacking—and

Prices Are As Wide in Range As the Varieties of Styles

So making vacation selection here is certain to be satisfactory, we believe.

Mohair and Jersey Suits, \$3.75 to \$10

Mohair suits are mostly blue and black with gray stripings. Wool jersey suits, either with or without the tights.

A Very New Jersey Smock Suit, \$10

This is the suit pictured at the left. It's in rose color with the smocking done in black. Note the cap of rubber flowers, it's as becoming as it is serviceable.

Silk and Satin Suits, \$6.75 to \$32.50

One suit of changeable green and blue taffeta is pictured at the right, \$32.50. Others all black or blue, with vivid colors.

Caps are 35c to \$1.50—Beach Hats of Rubber or Rubberized Silk, 75c to \$7.50.

Fourth Floor, North



Fourth Floor, North

## 50,000 comfort kits are required by the Chicago Chapter of the American Red Cross

\$1 places a comfort kit in the hands of a soldier in France; or, materials may be selected and kits made up in our Red Cross workroom.

Ninth floor.

Saturday store hours

8:30 a. m. to 1 p. m.

## Mandel Brothers

Important Friday offerings

Saturday store hours

8:30 a. m. to 1 p. m.

### Misses' chic georgette crepe blouses, 3.95

Youthful models—the attractive square neck style; for misses of 16, 18 and 20 summers. 3.95 an unusually low price. Pictured.



Misses' organdy blouses, emb., \$2 These with large, square, lace trimmed collar. Ideal for vacation wear. Sizes: 16, 18 and 20 years. Blouse section, third floor.

For Red Cross' volunteer workers Free instruction in making surgical dressings, etc., under the guidance of an official instructor. Hours 10 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Ivory room, ninth floor.

### The season's accepted modes, in a sale of chic jersey bathing suits

The prices far below what you would expect to pay for suits in such exceptional qualities.



### Knitted wool bathing slips at \$5

The slip-on model pictured, in jersey knit worsted, and finished with sash, inserts and edges of contrasting color. Fourth floor.

### Lisle bathing suits Jersey bathing suits

7.50 5.75

Jersey knit of mercerized lisle—strikingly resembling silk. One-piece model; contrasting colors at edge and sleeves.

### Children's 1-piece bathing suits at 1.50

—of navy or black knitted worsted, trimmed in stripes of contrasting color; sizes 4 to 8 years.

Other accessories essential for beach bathing, conveniently assembled for your satisfying selection.

### One-piece model, with trunks attached. The style pictured has striped sash and is finished at edge and sleeves to match.

### Children's 1-piece bathing suits at 1.50

—of navy or black knitted worsted, trimmed in stripes of contrasting color; sizes 4 to 8 years.

Other accessories essential for beach bathing, conveniently assembled for your satisfying selection.

### Record albums, 60c Cloth bound holds twelve 10-in. records. 40% saving.

### The newest electric talking machine "The Arrow"

3.65

A guaranteed machine, in full size; the case made of selected mahogany; nickelized tone arm; guaranteed motor; style pictures.

Introductory price, \$65. Eighth floor.

### Record albums, 60c Cloth bound holds twelve 10-in. records. 40% saving.

### Emphasizing a seasonable sale of men's bathing suits at 3.65 Men's stylish outing suits

They're of excellent worsteds in the leading shades. Representative styles pictured below.

Men's imported crepe beach robes, in a large variety of patterns, at 3.50.

Men's worsted knit sports coats, \$12.

Men's golf and tennis trousers, \$5.

These in white flannels and fancy stripes.

White "navy twill" or khaki trousers, 1.75. Second floor.

7.50 to 22.50

Choose from a large comprehensive collection of newest, approved summer styles. Men's shop, second floor.

## Chas. A. Stevens & Bros.

A Complete, Exclusive Specialty Shop for Women

Two Interesting Opportunities in

### Wool Jersey Bathing Suits at \$5.00



The two splendid Bathing Suit models featured here at \$5 provide every essential of comfort and trim appearance for delightful days at the beach.

Developed in jersey in one-piece style—exquisitely cut in straight, graceful lines—they are among the most popular of the notably excellent values which distinguish our Swimming Attire offerings.

At the left: Bathing Suit of Oxford Gray Jersey "V" neck and attached skirt outlined in green, red or gray, as desired; the fetching "Rosette" Cap sells for 85c.

At the right: Jersey Bathing Suit of becoming blue banded with white; dashing Jockey Cap in harmonizing shades, \$1.00.

Third Floor, State Street

### Every One Should Buy

### "Comfort Bags" for Soldiers

\$1 Complete—Delivered by Us to Red Cross Headquarters

The Red Cross management reports that unless many more "Comfort Bags" are sent them immediately thousands of soldiers now at the front or in training camps will be unsupplied. These "Comfort Bags," filled with many necessities and ready for use, are on sale near the

Red Cross Branch, Third Floor.

**MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY**

The store closes at 1 p. m. Saturdays during July and August.

## F. M. Mathewson

Outfitters to Women  
21 East Madison Street  
Between State and Wabash

### UNHEARD-OF VALUES

At the Following Exceedingly Low Prices

### To Close Out

Cloth Suits Values Up to \$10 Reduced to Sell

\$10.00 and \$17.50

Silk Suits Values Up to \$20 Reduced to Sell

\$20.00 and \$25.00

Cloth Coats Values Up to \$15 Reduced to Sell

\$15.00 and \$20.00

Silk Coats Values Up to \$17.50 Reduced to Sell

\$17.50 and \$22.50

During July and August This Shop Closes at 1 o'clock on Saturdays

### RESORTS—FOREIGN Ocean Travel

U. S. Mail & Co. SIERRA, SONOMA, VENTURA

AUSTRALIA HONOLULU, SUVA, NEW ZEALAND

REGULAR FALASTINIAN TRAVEL SERVICE CANADIAN AUSTRALASIAN MAIL LINE

CLARK & CO. LTD. 200 Clark St., Opp. P. O. Telegraphic Address: "AUSTRALIA" General Agent, 649 Broadway St., Vancouver, B. C.

General Agent, 649 Broadway St., Vancouver, B. C.

FRIDAY, JULY 20, 1917.

\* 13

**BIG BILL'S BOARD  
THE LEGAL ONE,  
COURT DECIDES**

Walker Rules the Council  
Had No Right to  
Reconsider.

Every event act of that one wild day when the city council threw books at Mr. Bill appears to have been in vain. Judge Charles M. Walker ruled yesterday that the council did not have power to reconsider its action confirming the school trustees.

It was a complete victory for the new school board. Not only are the new trustees securely entrenched in office, but their paid officials, appointed after the ousting of the old trustees, are recognized by the court as the legitimate school holders.

"Friends" Loses Throne. The ruling means that Jacob M. Leah, his "pretender" to the office of president, is not entitled to the throne occupied by Edwin S. Davis, the new Thompson chief of the school system. Mr. Leah remains a member of the new board, however.

Angus Roy Shannon, who has been connected with the law department for nearly eighteen years, is out. Charles E. Francis, Thompson's politician, became the undisputed attorney of the board.

Capt. Percy B. Coffin and Albert H. Miller will now be able to collect their salaries as business manager and secretary. The city treasurer had held up payment.

The old board took an appeal to the Appellate court. It probably will be several months before a ruling is made by that court.

**Police Go Back to Beat.**

Shortly after word reached the school board rooms of Judge Walker's decision the cordon of police which has protected the board rooms since the Thompson board went in was told it could go back to the beat. Capt. Aloock, who has been in command, sent the men home with orders to report to their stations today. One policeman was left to notify the night force, which went on duty at midnight.

For weeks an average of thirty to thirty-five policemen have been on guard. At times there were as many as seventy policemen to a shift, with three shifts a day.

**Basis of Decision.** Although the hearing was not on the merits of the quo warrant proceedings, the case was argued in full, and Judge Walker stated the sections of law had received as careful consideration as could be given in a final hearing. The legal and technical aspects of the question of the corporation counsel that the old board was not justified in bringing quo warrant proceedings against the new board.

Judge Walker ruled that Roberts' rules of order, stating that a motion may be taken from the table at a subsequent meeting, were nullified by the council's own rules.

**ARREST ORDER  
ENDS VACATION  
OF LIEUT. COLES**

A halcyonic vacation Police Lieut. William Coles had been spending in Michigan, along with his wife, came to a turbulent end. Chief Schuetter had to send out an order for his arrest to get him to Chicago to testify yesterday in the case of John Floss, charged with the murder of John Slomski, a private banker, in an attempted robbery of Slomski's bank.

Coles threw a monkey wrench into the state's case by admitting duress in getting a confession and bringing about Floss' acquittal. The lieutenant then received a "panning" from Chet Justice, chief of Criminal court, because of his admissions.

During the state's attorney's office put Floss in the dock, where he was notified that Coles must be present to testify to a confession he had taken from Floss. Appartheid Coles was not notified and when the trial got under way Chief Schuetter was appealed to find him.

After Schuetter had sent out some twenty-five telegrams without avail he sent out this message: "Arrest and detain Lieut. Coles; \$25 reward." This caught the eyes of the constables and one stopped Coles' auto near Grand Haven Wednesday night.

Coles had a hard time explaining he wouldn't run away and the constable stuck close to his side, riding with him to Grand Haven with Mrs. Coles at the wheel. Then he reluctantly placed his man on a boat for Chicago. Schuetter says the constable will get his \$25.

**Volunteer Fireman Is  
Given Pension by Court**

The members of the old volunteer fire department won a victory yesterday, when Judge Charles M. Walker issued a writ of mandamus compelling the board of trustees of the Firemen's Pension board, headed by Eugene R. Pike, to pay Adolph Wilke, one of the volunteers, a pension of \$37.50 a month, beginning from January, 1913. It had been claimed by the pension board's attorneys that the "volunteers" never came under the civil service rules.

**Suburban Women Send  
Money for Mrs. Stry**

Another \$15 was received Wednesday by Mrs. Lazarus for Mrs. David was murdered by a gang of boys. The contributions were:

Ladies of Chicago Heights.....\$1

Ladies of Old Chicago.....\$2

With Ladies' Aid Society of Hammond 12

The money has been forwarded to Mrs. Stry.

**VENTURING WITH GIRLS  
AND TUNES IN POWERS'**

BY FREDERICK DONAGHEY.  
A t about ten o'clock, Miss Elizabeth Murray registered surprise: she had been talking pitifully with Miss Audrey Maple. "What?" said Miss Murray: "you have never heard a ragtime song?" The pale-gilt Miss Maple shook her head to mean "No." "Well, if that's the case," said Miss Murray, "then illustrate that a song may be put in without violation of the unitites—if that's the case, I'd better let you have one." Whereupon the audience, without waiting to hear the song, yip'd its joy, hope, and faith in Elizabeth Murray.

So much of the report on "O! So Happy" is not to make known that the song which ensued was the hit of the night: it was, in fact, just fairish as a song—something about going back to Tennessee, and the levee, and the Henry Clay, etcetera; and such merit as it possessed was imparted to the singer, who does this kind of thing better than anybody else since Ray Temperton and May Irwin.

The point sought is that the attitude of an amiable, expectant, pay-as-you-enter gathering in Powers' toward Miss Murray's music-voiced involved all the essential criticism of the new show. The suggestion, patently, was that the Messrs. Roland Oliver and Charles Dickson had been excessive in the item of talk about the plot, and so wasteful of the oft-demonstrated talents of Miss Maple, Mr. Frank Laird, Mr. Ralph Herk, and Miss Murray, herself, and of Miss Louise Kelly's; also, she, handsome and dark and beguiling and stage-wise, seemed to be new in the neighborhood, although there was loboyer—that she was a Hyde-Parker by birth and rearing. Miss Kelley, it appears, answered an S. O. S. thrown into the ether when Lina Abarbanell drew out a waded knee deep out of a mile of mud, dripping with mud and seaweed, aching and rheumatic from their mid-night vigil.

**First Threat by Letter.**

The first threatening letter was mailed to Mr. Langen on July 12. It was turned over to Mr. Wagner, a lawyer and then to James E. Smart, postal inspector. In part it said:

On Saturday, July 14, at 6 o'clock in the evening place without fail \$2,000 in a box which you will find back of Wagner's pump shanty on Newark avenue, Niles, across the street from his farmhouse. There is four of us and we want \$500 each and remember if you notify the police we will get just one of us and the rest will get you.

The shanty is about a mile from Mr. Langen's country seat, "Atlanta."

**And Here's the Answer.**

Mr. Langen wrote an answer which he placed in a cigar box at the designated spot. His answer said:

"You may go to hell."

On July 15 a second threatening letter was mailed to Mr. Langen in which he ordered him to return the letters sent him together with the \$2,000, or the "plugs would shoot." Mr. Langen then applied to State's Attorney Hoyne. Assigned Detectives John Murphy, William Leibcke, and Arthur McCarthy, They waded through the dismal swamp after dark and by creeping through a hole in a net-wire fence they gained the seclusion of some tombstones in a cemetery adjoining the mysterious well.

Operatives from the Moony & Boland agency stationed themselves across the street in another portion of the graveyard and in the front yard of the Wagner farm. They waited from 8 in the evening until 4 in the morning when daylight broke fair and clear—no blackmailers.

**Wandering Minstrel Comes.**

They were about to plop their weary way homeward when a lone person, a belated musician, who had been lost from the city and paused at the old well.

The detectives with drawn revolvers were about to go after him when he turned into the Wagner house.

Mr. Langen says he has an idea of the identity of the blackmailers and arrests may soon be made. The letters in the handwriting of the conspirators are in the possession of experts, and when arrests are made it is regarded as certain that comparisons will result in conclusive evidence.

There is a section a quarter of a mile from the graveyards and the plotters are believed to have planned the "frame-up" there.

**Attorney Crushed to  
Death by Elevator**

James Addison Campbell, an attorney with offices in the Hartford building, Madison and Dearborn streets, who lived at 4500 Magnolia avenue, was crushed to death yesterday morning between the elevator and the eighth floor as he was attempting to leave the lift for his office. The elevator man was questioned by the police, but later released. He said Campbell attempted to leave the elevator after the doors started closing and the lift had started upward.

**City Hall Clerks Wed.**  
Thomas C. Connelly, senior clerk in the office of City Clerk, John T. Grover, Kathryn T. Foley, certificate clerk for the civil service commission, were married yesterday in the Resurrection Catholic church.

The opening-night of the Garrick, with "You're in Love," as the attraction, will be Saturday, the 26th instant, instead of Sunday, the 25th, previously announced.

**Aged Woman Is Killed  
by Gas in Kitchen**

Mrs. Margaret Wehrum, 70 years old, 2016 North Kedzie avenue, was asphyxiated in the kitchen of her home yesterday. Her daughter, Miss Alice Wehrum, found the body.

In November, 1916, he is alleged to have formed a dummy company known as the Central Flour and Cereal company with Koral, who had then left McNeil & Higgins, and Kohn, with offices in the Masonic temple. So far as is known it did business only with McNeil & Higgins.

In two years Adams is said to have bought at least thirty-three carloads of cheap cereal and four under the name of Kohn or the dummy company. Barnhart says the evidence shows that after buying cheap products Adams would go to a railroad company and have the same rebilled in transit to McNeil & Higgins.

As manager of this company's cereal department, it is said he would then buy the cheap products at a price far above the cereal's worth.

An official of McNeil & Higgins declares that this firm was swindled out of as high as \$2,400 on one car, the average being \$1,000 or higher.

**FEATURE SECTION**

**IF YOU DON'T  
LIKE THE UNITED  
STATES, WHY  
DON'T YOU LEAVE  
IT?**

**ALLIES' WAR DOGS**

**THE BIG WIN JES.**

**VENTURING WITH GIRLS  
AND TUNES IN POWERS'**

**EDITORIALS**

**NOW FOR THE DRAW!**

**OBRO EDITOR**

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I WANT YOU  
TO MEET AN  
OLD FLAME  
OF MINE -**

**YES—I TRIED  
TO PERSUADE  
HER TO MARRY  
ME—but YOU  
WIN**

**OH, I DON'T  
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## FASHION'S BLUE BOOK



BY CORINE LOWE.

**N**EW YORK.—(Special Correspondence.)—Fashion and the bathing suit have this year formed a close corporation. The one who asks us must ask, first, what does the sea come in with these elaborate materials, these ornate designs? What concessions we, for instance, could be tempted to touch the figure shown above in her black satin bloomers—deep ruffled like the kind that Charles L. and his gentlemen used to have to wear to business—and with its upper garment of silver, magenta, and black! It will be seen that the top portion of

the garment has adopted the prevalent apron of other modes. It is admirably carried but here by a front panel which is extremely narrow—hardly more than a foot wide—and has a back section gathered in closely at the waist so as to form a real authentic skirt.

In its original conception this suit would hardly be practical for the most of us. The broads tunic is a trifle too sensitive to the touch of salt water, but it provides a charming and picturesquely free from the affection of speech and manner that mars so many of our fashions.

"I know your deep dark past," I told her. "You used to be Leonie Flugrath of Edison. Why the change?" She laughed.

"It was such a hard name to remember—Flugrath," she said. "And somehow it seemed to fit a sort of a beefy man—so I decided to change." (Good reason.)

Miss Mason is here with her mother.

ROSE TAPLEY—Formerly Flugrath—will be in Metro's booth. Her older sister, Edna—you remember her—is in South Africa. Shirley Mason is probably the most photographed star in existence, for the takes plaudit pictures which may be worked out in harder materials. Striped mohair or silk might, for example, easily be substituted for the brocade.

## Real Love Stories

### Across the Sea.

**E**MIGRATION affected a quiet hamlet in England. Two girls, companions since childhood, were separated, one to seek her fortune in the new world, the other to remain in the village of her birth. Distance and change of environment, however, did not alter their friendship, and many

"real love stories" were exchanged. As the years advanced, both were married, homes established, and letters between the two former friends, while filled with accounts of home happiness and content.

After a while the task of writing was taken up by the children; the son in America, the daughter in England, and when death came to the American household, the son, in memory of his mother, continued the correspondence.

One day he received a black-bordered envelope, bearing the familiar postmark of his mother's dear friend. He wrote a lit-

ter to his wife, asking her to forward the letter to the English girl. She did so, and the reply was as follows:

"Dear Miss Black: I am a young man in a park and took a great liking to him. He wrote me a letter and I answered it, asking him to write again. Did I do right or not? It is now four weeks and I did not get an answer yet. Shall I write again?"

"Do you mean you flirted with him in the park?" Shanes, Mabel, if that's what you call it, the nature of your meeting. Men don't care long for a girl who cheapens herself so as to pick up an acquaintance."

"H'd Appreciate It."

"Dear Miss Black: I am a girl 18 years old. A boy friend, 19 years old, whom I haven't seen for about eighteen months, but whom I have known for some years, has entered West Point. Would it be proper for me to write him a note of congratulations on his excellent luck?"

"ANXIOUS."

"Indeed it would be proper for you to send congratulations, and I am sure he would appreciate your note."

Letters were exchanged. As the years advanced, both were married, homes established, and letters between the two former friends, while filled with accounts of home happiness and content.

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### Satisfy Your Wish!

Haven't you often wished that you could whip cream in the morning and serve it still firm at dinner-time?

You can—and it can be done with ordinary table cream.

### FARRAND'S CREAM WHIP

"Puts the Cream Right."

Makes ordinary cream—whipping cream, a half pint of cream and in two or three minutes you have fluffy, white whipped cream, which stays firm longer.

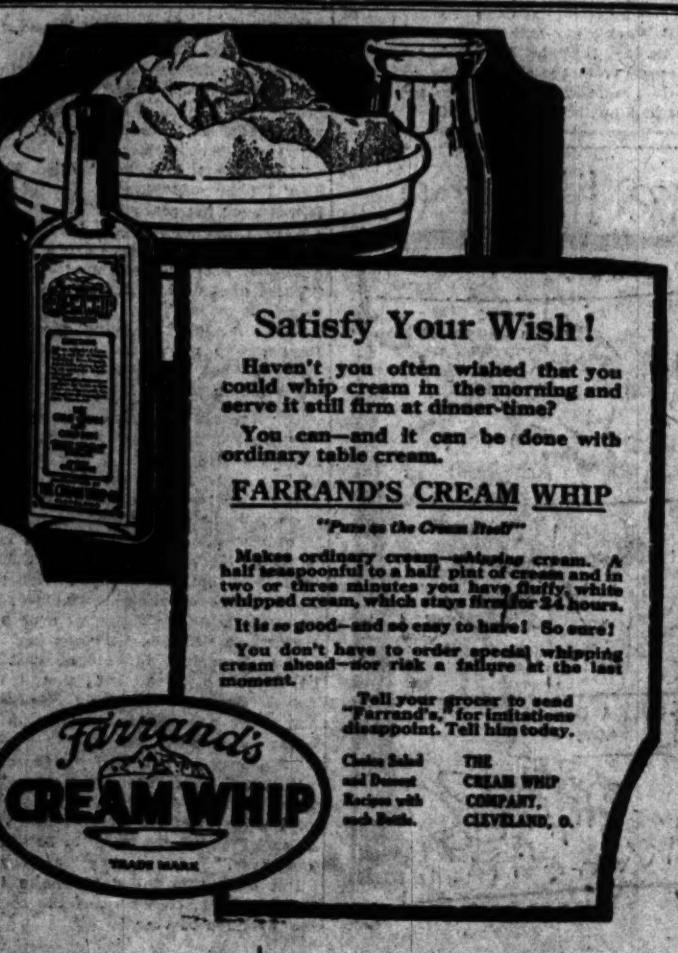
It is so good—and so easy to have! So easy!

You don't have to order special whipped cream—nor risk a failure at the last moment.

Tell your grocer to send Farrand's Cream Whip. Don't be disappointed. Tell him today.

Coca-Cola  
and French  
Biscuit  
Biscuits with  
such Biscuits.

CREAM WHIP  
COMPANY,  
CLEVELAND, O.



## Movie Management Weary, but "Points with Pride"

By Mae Thiba.

"THE fellow who said the war would kill the movies was a bum prophet."

Spoke the management at the Coliseum, thumbs in vest pockets, chest inflated, and eyes gleaming with delight as those same eyes turned glistening over the screen, the pulsing, glowing something to get them through the doors last night. Continued the management:

"Took in \$12,000 already, and the day's receipts not counted. Last year receipts for the entire time were \$7,200. So far over 70,000 people have attended. Pretty bad—eh?" Then suddenly, in a collapse and weary smile, as his chest fell in and his hands fell out:

"But believe me—I'm tired! Success may be a fine thing, but I'm telling you I'm going to break a little bottle of bubbles over my head and congratulate myself, when it's over—that it's over!"

K. E. S. E. day yesterday and the accumulated stars of that organization certainly rise to the occasion.

In the afternoon from 3 to 5 the Esplanade held high water carnival at the Edgewater Beach hotel, fifty-five pretty girls of the company deporting themselves in modish bathing costumes, swimming, diving, etc., for the detection of exhibitors who went in special boats from their loop haunts. Those who won first prizes were:

VIRGINIA VALLY—Best looking swimming costume.

LULU LONG—Most original costume.

HELEN JACKSON—Best swimmer.

EVELYN NAPER—Best diver.

The judges were Ralph Proctor, Lew Fields, Merrill Smith, Harry Scott, E. R. Pierson, M. S. Thomas of Omaha, Fred Savage of Hutchinson, Kas., and Dick Hennessy of Detroit. The proceeds will be given to the Marine corps.

While this was going on out north, at the Coliseum other stars were making their bows. Shirley Mason, the newest arrival in town, stopped to chat with me after she had come back from "walking the plank." She's a pretty-pleasant-mannered youngster and refreshingly free from the affection of speech and manner that mars so many of our fashions.

"I know your deep dark past," I told her. "You used to be Leonie Flugrath of Edison. Why the change?" She laughed.

"It was such a hard name to remember—Flugrath," she said. "And somehow it seemed to fit a sort of a beefy man—so I decided to change." (Good reason.)

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## FANNIE WARD

She and Jean Southern Will Co-star Today at the Coliseum.

## The Successful Home Garden

One of the most valuable daily and popular is "The Tribune." Read from coast to coast, through advertising and book and garden sections to answer all the needs of those interested in the work.

BY J. F. H. HEIDE.

SOON NOW—Early green and wax pod beans, early tomatoes, winter beans (peas), early carrots, early sweet corn, white summer radishes, winter radishes, and early turnips.

TRANSPLANT NOW—Early cabbage, Navy cabbage, cauliflower, self-blanching celeries, summer endive, kale, kohlrabi, and head lettuce.

### Celeri Smalage.

[Opium Gravelines—Dwarf Variety.]

An annual. The leaves and stems are used for flavoring soups, stews, salads, and salads, and for garnishing platters. Though it has the flavor of larger celeries, it is somewhat paler in appearance and has a greater tendency to grow.

Now at the end of April or beginning of May, it should be one-half inch thick, two or three seeds to the inch, ten inches between rows. It needs no thinning.

Cutting may be taken after a height of three or four inches is reached, letting it sprout again for subsequent cuttings. As freezing weather sets in, cover with four inches of straw or leaves to protect it for cutting until the temperature drops to ten degrees F., usually in December. It reaches a height of ten to twelve inches when not cut. It is not dried for winter use.

### Chervil.

[Anthriscum Cerefolium.]

An annual. The leaves and stems are used for flavoring soups, sauces, stews, and salads, and for garnishing platters. It resembles parsley even more than celery smalage does. The flavor, though distinct, has something of asparagus, parsley, and celery smalage. It is favored in French and German cooking.

The time and manner of sowing are like those of celery smalage. Thinning is not necessary. Cuttings may begin when the leaves reach a height of two to three inches.

They begin blooming about July 1, but cutting of foliage may continue till it turns yellow. The seed may be permitted to ripen till the end of the month; when it is immediately removed for a later crop. The second crop will not produce seed and sufficient must be gathered from the first for the spring sowing. Instead of letting it go to seed, the bed may be cleared when the foliage turns color and reserves reach a height of one and one-half inches.

Richard was playing in the back yard and, as usual, his hands were much soiled. His mother called him, as visitors had arrived who wished to see him. She led him up to the sink and he saw that a dreaded washing was in prospect.

"What are you going to do, mama?" he asked.

"Why, wash your hands, of course.

I couldn't let you meet my friends with such dirty hands."

He quickly washed his left hand behind his back and held up the right, grinning.

"Don't wash this one, then. It's the only one I'll use."

G. A. C.

A little boy was playing on the porch with his neighbor who lived across the street. The young women were expecting men company later in the evening for lunch, having made some ice cream for the occasion. It being time for an early supper, the girls asked the little boy to eat supper with them. Upon being asked what he wished to eat, he said, "I want some cake." One girl said, "We have none." Another said, "We have some cake, but we have no cake." "Well, I want to have that until the boys come," and the lad responded immediately, "Well, I've come, hasn't I?" L. R.

Howard, does you like to go fishing?" Vivian asked of her big brother.

"Yes, why?"

"Well, den, fish in your pocket and dit me a penny."

A. A. D.

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## SOCIETY and Entertainments

### Winnetka Lawn Party to Aid Pershing's Men

THE party and informal events to come will be the lawn party, with dancing in a pavilion and an outdoor supper, which will be given on Saturday, Aug. 4, on the beautiful place of Mrs. Lorenzo M. Johnson in Winnetka. It is to be a benefit affair, the proceeds to go toward equipment to be sent to the soldiers of Gen. Pershing's unit in France, and although the arrangements for the party are not yet completed, it is sure to be something charming, for the young people of this and many past seasons know what a glorious time they always have at anything planned and staged by Mrs. Johnson.

Assisting in the hostess will be Mrs. Thomas Taylor Jr., Mrs. John R. Montgomery, Mrs. James L. Houghsteling, Mrs. J. Allen Haines, and others of the

many north shore society women who are lovers of flowers and friendly toward vegetables in these days of truck gardens as a war measure attended the fourth annual horticultural show given yesterday under the auspices of the New Trier Horticultural Society at the Winnetka Community house.

The show was as practical as some of the exhibits, and included a wheelbarrow, wheel, heading knives, and cultivators, while vases and silver cups.

Ms. associate members of the society

are Mrs. E. B. Kuppenheimer, Mrs. George F. O'Neill, Mrs. C. Marquardt, Mrs. Charles S. Stinchfield, Mrs. W. D. Dose, Mrs. A. S. Peabody, Mrs. W. G. Smith, Mrs. W. P. Sibley, Mrs. Frederick Gray, Mrs. John W. Scott, Mr. Wm. Hibbard, Mrs. W. C. Troxell, Mr. W. C. Allerton, Mrs. E. W. Whittle, C. A. Stouch.

The starting little studio which was begun by John W. Root and John Holmstrom on the Lake Shore drive and which is a unique spot in the city will be occupied next fall and winter by Mrs. Beatrice Buzzi Faggi, who is now living there. The woman's committee which is trying to make this a grand food conservation week throughout the state announced yesterday that the Hoover pledge cards which are being widely distributed in the state this week will be handled here through the schools opened for summer work under the direction of Mr. Colb, assistant superintendent.

The Women of the Empire State will give an entertainment and card party for the benefit of the Red Cross on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of Mrs. U. S. Grant of 5555 Dorchester avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Kiper of \$400 East View park will leave this weekend for a extended trip in the Rocky Mountain National Park. Mr. and Mrs. C. Ross of La Grange are also about to leave for a vacation in this park.

Mrs. Samuel W. Allerton, who is now at her summer place at Lake Geneva, Wis., will move into an apartment at 65th street when she returns to town in the fall. Mrs. Earl L. Hamblen of 21st East Cedar street will also move into the fall into this apartment.

INDIAN BATTY CAKES.

One pint of rich milk, to be heated

in a pint of butter about the size of a walnut, eight large tablespoons of sifted Indian meal, three large tablespoons of sifted wheat flour, three eggs, a pint of milk. Put the butter into the first pint of milk and warm in a saucepan. When it is soinding hot ready have in a pan the Indian meal and flour, well mixed together, pour milk upon them. Stir it well and then thin it with a pint of cold milk. Beat till perfectly smooth and free from lumps. Have ready eggs well beaten till light and stir them gradually into the batter, adding salt. Bake the cakes on a griddle and butter them hot. Jan. 1, 1920. Godey's "Lady's Book."

Miss Ward has written for years historical research articles. She has in her possession her great-grandmother's cook book of the date of about 1860. Mrs. Joseph Ward of Boston. This contains a great many rice, fish, and game recipes.

MISS FLORENCE MARSHALL of the Women's Bureau of the National American Red Cross was the speaker at a meeting yesterday of the women's committees from Shakespeare and Dickens, to be given on Monday evening at 8:30 o'clock on the Players' green, a part of the gardens of the estate having a natural stage at the end of a woodland vista overlooking the Skokie.

Richard Kean, late of the Lyceum the

ater, London, will impersonate the char

acter to be represented, and the pro

ceeds will go to the fund of the Glencoe

Red Cross workers. Mrs. James M. Hines, Mrs. John H. Bullen, and Mrs. Fannie W. Hood are in charge of ar

rangements.

SOCIETY IN THE EAST

New York, July 18.—(Special)—Mrs. George W. Vanderbilt and her daughter, Miss Cornelia Vanderbilt, have gone to Illinois, their estate near Ashville, N. Y., after spending several weeks in New York.

Mrs. James W. Nichols of 859 West End ave. has made known the en

velope of her daughter, Miss Harriette D. Nichols, 1000 Madison, New York, son of Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth W. Durward of London. No arrangements have been made for the wedding.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Ruby Yoakum of Los Angeles to William W. Whitney, son of Mrs. Mollie C. Parsons of Tucson, Ariz., N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Widener have returned from their summer home at Chestnut Hill, Pa., after spending several weeks in the quiet country of Mr. Widener's mother, Mrs. Anna Elizabeth Rita. Mrs. Widener, who was formerly Mrs. Isaac Dodge, is a daughter of Henry T. Sloane of this city.

TRIANGLE PLAYS AND TRIANGLE DAY AT FOLLOWING THEATRES TODAY

ANOTHER BIG COMEDY PRESENTS

FRANCES THE AUTHOR OF "THE HOUSE OF SCANDAL"

RIGHTS OF WOMEN

ANOTHER BIG COMEDY PRESENTS

LOUISA GLAUM "Strange Transgressor"

BUCKINGHAM "The Mother Instinct"

JOHN B. WARNER "GOD'S MAN"

COMING SATURDAY

MARY PICKFORD "The Little American"

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## PUBLIC SHOWS NO INTEREST IN SECURITIES

### Uncertain Attitude at the Capital Makes Banks Stand Still.

Observers of the market note there is no public interest in the prices of securities. The present appears to be a period of waiting.

Action at Washington, failing to reveal a definite policy, has caused the banks to stand still. Sentiment, as reflected in the market movements, shows the same uncertainty. Earnings warrant buying of certain securities based on profits applicable to the companies' stocks. But the notion obtains that there is to be a cutting off of income through price reductions and a taxation of remaining profits, so that a company is cut two ways by the present temper of congress.

#### Short Term Paper Recommended.

Alfred L. Doherty, governor of the Boston federal reserve bank, makes a suggestion of interest with reference to maturity of commercial paper. It is his view that member banks will have their assets most liquid if short time commercial is encouraged rather than six months' loans. He says:

"It is of great importance that the commercial banks of the country should have as liquid as possible and that they should have in their portfolios paper that can be re-liquidated with the federal reserve bank. As the reserve banks can only discount paper having ninety days or less to run, if the 'member banks' investments are in six months paper on the average only 50 per cent of such paper is at any one time available for rediscounit."

#### Available for Use.

"But should the investment be in paper having four months or less to run at least 75 per cent would have on the average not more than fifty days to run to maturity and be immediately available for use at the reserve banks into either cash or credit."

#### Depository Steel's Earnings.

The statement of the Republic Iron and Steel company for the quarter ended June 30 shows surplus available for dividends on the common stock of \$6,693,895, being equal to \$2.60 a share. These earnings are subject to readjustment on account of the excess profits and other taxes. Compared with March 31, 1917, a falling off in unfilled orders is shown. June 30 unfilled orders amounted to approximately \$29,000 tons, compared with \$65,000 tons on March 31.

The company reports unfilled and semi-filled orders on hand June 30 amounting to \$52,000 tons, compared with \$68,000 tons on March 31, a decrease of 64,042 tons.

#### On the Local Exchange.

Lack of business Chicago exchanges prices to weaker. The list was generally lower. Carbide lost 2½ points, Peoples Gas was off 2 points, and Cudahy Packing and Sears-Roebuck declined a point each.

#### Money and Exchange.

Money rates in Chicago steady at 5½ per cent on collateral, 4½ per cent on commercial paper, 3½ per cent over the counter. New York exchange, 10¢ discount. Chicago bank clearings, \$52,785,915.

#### CHICAGO STOCK TRANSACTIONS

Sales, High, Low, Close, chg.  
Am. Ind. mfd. .... 280 280 280  
Bonds, new ..... 100 100 100  
Do. 97 96 96 95  
Ch. Rye ex. .... 134 134 134 134  
C. & G. .... 100 100 100 100  
Diamond Match ... 119 119 119 119  
Hartman Corp. ... 50 50 50 50  
L. & P. .... 116 116 116 116  
Mont Ward, mfd. 116 116 116 116  
"Press-Lite" ... 132 132 132 132  
Pub Service, mfd. 100 100 100 100  
Quaker Oats, p. 100 100 100 100  
Quaker Oats, p. 100 100 100 100  
R. & B. .... 104 104 104 104  
Stewart-Warn. .... 64 64 64 64  
The Co. .... 100 100 100 100  
Underwood, mfd. 141 141 141 141  
Wilson, mfd. .... 81 81 81 81  
Wilson, mfd. .... 97 97 97 97  
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#### BONDS.

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